



# C2-28/7/655

**Remote Control Specification** 

V1.4 PDF-REMOTE-CONTROL-C2-2x55



## 1 REVISION HISTORY

Date	Version	Author	Comments			
3 <sup>rd</sup> April 2014	1.00	Bruce Meldrum	Initial draft release			
26 <sup>th</sup> June 2014	1.10	Bruce Meldrum	Updated for firmware release 517			
4 <sup>th</sup> February 2015	1.11	Bruce Meldrum	Clarified the checksum is only 1 byte			
25 <sup>th</sup> June 2015	1.2	Bruce Meldrum	Updated for firmware release 541			
			Fixed typo in Default Ethernet settings			
			Missing FUNCTIONS 101, 146, 29E added			
			Event information added			
23 <sup>rd</sup> May 2016	1.3	Bruce Meldrum	Updated for firmware release 548, API 45			
			Added "Allow Errors" & "Output" options			
2 <sup>nd</sup> Feb 2016	1.4	Mark White	Updated for firmware release 565, API 46			



#### 2 SERIAL / IP CONTROL SPECIFICATION

This section outlines how to control a unit via a Serial or Ethernet connection, using ASCII-based commands. It details how to send and receive serial data to perform many of the functions that a user has access to on the unit.

Not all units will support the full range of functions listed – this will depend on the exact model of unit you have purchased.

### 2.1 Communication protocol basics

Packets of ASCII data containing hexadecimal numbers are exchanged between the unit and controller via a Serial or Ethernet connection (you cannot use both at the same time).

The Serial standard is 57600 baud, 8 bits, no parity and 1 stop bit, although this can be changed by the user (see 'Setup->System->Control->Serial Port Settings...' menu). Press-and-hold the 'OK' button to save these changes to non-volatile memory otherwise they will not be retained after a power cycle.

The default Ethernet settings are;

IP Address of the unit	192.168.1.200
IP Gateway (the IP address of your router)	192.168.1.1
Ethernet mask	255.255.252.000

Ethernet settings can be changed via the 'Setup->System->Control->Ethernet Settings...' menu and then select 'Setup->System->Control->Ethernet Settings...->Save Ethernet Settings' to save these changes to non-volatile memory otherwise they will not be retained after a power cycle.

No flow control is used - however all control packets start with an ASCII 'F', end with carriage-return (13 decimal, 0x0D hexadecimal) and all such packets sent to the unit will be acknowledged (thereby provided software handshaking). Note that a line-feed (LF) should not be sent.

It may take around 30ms (0.03 seconds) for an RS232 command to be actioned and acknowledged – this will vary between different models.

ASCII-hex data is used where a number is encoded into its hexadecimal equivalent with leading zeros – e.g. Where '00' is decimal value 0, '80' is decimal 128 and 'FF' is decimal 255. In other words, two characters are sent for each byte encoded.



Any gap of more than 1 second between the characters of a control command sent will cause a time-out - and previous characters sent will be lost.

Write packets (sending command functions to the unit) are always 20 characters long (including a carriage return at the end). The unit will respond with a full 20 character message indicating what has changed. This returned payload will reflect the actual value of the parameter changed. If the user requests a value out of bounds then the limit value is used, and the payload will then reflect the limited value used.

Read packets (sent to request information from the unit) are always 14 characters long (including a carriage return at the end), the response from the unit will be a 20 byte message with the Write flag (since it is 'writing' the value back to the host) and the ACK flag set.

The ACK flag will be returned as 0 if the command is invalid for some reason – for example a bad FUNCTION, WINDOW, OUTPUT or PAYLOAD value. An ACK=0 message will be otherwise identical to the one you sent, so you know exactly which message has the error.

Any changes made to the unit using the front panel controls will also cause the full 20 byte message to be sent indicating the change that has occurred, thus enabling a program to stay 'in-sync' with the unit. In some cases (such as the execution of a macro) multiple 20 bytes messages will be sent indicating all the parameters that have been changed.

Only one message should be sent to the unit, another message can't be sent until a specific response is received from the unit (the user should look for a message with the same WINDOW, OUTPUT and FUNCTION values as they sent). If no message is received back within 1 second, there is likely to be a hardware communication problem (or wrong baud rate, etc.).

If absolutely required, to simplify programming the user may send packets one after the other with around 100ms (100 milliseconds) between each one. However, this will not work for all packets (such as Zooming into Still Images / Testcards or changing Logos) since this will cause the unit's micro-controller to be busy, so the user must experiment and satisfy themselves that this is possible.



### 2.2 Packet format

Below is a representation of data bytes in a single packet for a 'Write' to the unit to set a value:

SOP	CMD	CHA	WINDOW	OUTPUT	<b>FUNCTION</b>	PAYLOAD x 3	CS	EOP
				/ FUNCTION				

Below is a representation of data bytes in a single packet for a 'Read' to the unit to get a value:

SOP	CMD	CHA	WINDOW	OUTPUT	<b>FUNCTION</b>	CS	EOP
				/ FUNCTION			

The table below details the function of each part of the packet:

Packet part	Function
SOP	This is always the ASCII letter 'F' to indicate the packet start.
(Start of packet)	
CMD	ASCII-hex byte to indicate the type of command being sent.
(Command)	Each bit in the byte has a different function. Currently only the following bits are defined:
	Bit 7 = Write (0) or Read (1) request. Messages from the unit are always Writes.
	Bit 6 = ACK bit. Should be set to 0 for messages to the unit. ACK=1 returned means message was okay. ACK=0
	returned means an error was present in the message.
	Bit 5 = 0 Reserved for future use.
	Bit 4 = 0 Reserved for future use.
	Bit 3 = 0 Reserved for future use.
	Bit 2 = 1 This bit *must* be set.
	Bit 1 = 0 Reserved for future use.
	Bit 0 = 0 Reserved for future use.
CHA	This byte has multiple uses, and defaults to 0 unless used for:
SOURCE	<u>SOURCE</u>
	Byte to indicate the source channel to be altered (if appropriate). Use the same byte value as per the Primary source selection (e.g. 0x10=HDMI).



WINDOW / LOGO	Bit 7 = 0 (Reserved).
	Bit 60 = Represents the window to be adjusted (for multi-channel units only).
	Leave as 0x41 for controlling Primary image and 0x61 for controlling Logo (e.g. Logo border).
OUTPUT	Bit 74 = Number representing the output to adjust 0 = DVI-U, 1 = HDMI.
&	Bit 32 = Reserved (set to 0).
FUNCTION HIGH	Bit 10 = Bits 9 & 8 of the function code. (Remainder of bits [70] are in FUNC LOW.)
	E.g. If the function code is 0x234, and we want to adjust HDMI, then this byte is 0x12
FUNCTION LOW	ASCII-hex byte to indicate the lowest 8 bits of the actual function to set or receive (e.g. change Zoom value).
	A later table details all the functions available.
PAYLOAD	A series of ASCII-hex bytes carrying the data to send.
x 3 bytes	Read requests have no payload - the payload is in the data sent back.
	Write packets require a payload, and this is always in 'triple-bytes' - i.e. 3 bytes are required, MSB first.
	e.g. '000001' is 1 in decimal, '010000' is 65536 in decimal, and 'FFFFF0' is -16 in decimal.
CS	ASCII-hex byte that is the (check) sum of all previous bytes (excluding the SOP 'F' character).
	E.g. The command F0400410082000001C8 has the checksum of 04+00+41+00+82+00+00+01=C8, so the complete command to send is F0400410082000001C8.
	The checksum evaluate to be more than 0xFF, but the CS is only ever 1 byte. In such cases CS should be the lowest 8 bits.
	A short-cut for debugging allows the checksum to be replaced by 2 question marks, so in the previous example you
	could send F0400410082000001?? Instead. This is purely for test and debugging - you should normally use a
	checksum to ensure data validity.
EOP	This is a carriage return (no line-feed) - ASCII code 13 (decimal).



#### 2.3 Function list

These are grouped together into their associated on-screen menus.

Your unit and this manual should be used to determine the actual function of each of the following, as only the menu text is listed here. Where an equivalent menu item does not exist on your unit, then that feature is not supported on.

Function codes are given in hexadecimal and adjustment range is in decimal (but always sent as hexadecimal!).

The following table is a list of all menu functions, their related function number and valid range of adjustment.

Menu text	CHA (Hex)	WIN	FUNC	Range of adjustment (decimal)
	see command 082	(Hex)	(Hex)	
Preset number	-	41	225	1 to 12
Preset load	-	41	226	Set to 1 to load – automatically resets to 0.
Preset store	-	41	227	Set to 1 to store – automatically resets to 0.
Preset erase	-	41	228	Set to 1 to erase – automatically resets to 0.
Output enable	-	41	170	0=Blanked (Background Color visible), 1=Active
Background source (connector)	-	41	149	0x10 = HDMI
				0x11 = DVI-U
				0x12 = PC/HD
				0x30 = CV
				0x40 = YC
				0x50 = SDI
Background View Mode	-	41	10A	0x00 = None (Scaler)
				0x01 = Hidden (Genlock)
				0x02 = Full Screen (Genlock)
				0x04 = Hidden (Framelock)
Background H Shift	-	41	14A	-40964096
Background V Shift	-	41	14B	-40964096
Output resolution	-	41	083	1 onwards, for a full list of supported resolutions refer to the
				User Manual



Output image type (HDMI only)	10	41	29E	0 = RGB(HV shown on unit display) 3 = YUV This command MUST have OUTPUT bits = 1 for HDMI Ie, F4411410233000001??
Output image type (DVI-U only)	11	41	0E2	0 = RGBHV 1 = RGBS 2 = RGsB 3 = YUV 4 = tIYUV 5 = CV/YC
Output On/Off	10	41	2B5	0=Off 1=On (default) This command MUST have OUTPUT bits = 1 for HDMI Ie, F44104112B5000001?? Added in firmware 548, not available in previous versions
Output On/Off	11	41	2B5	0=Off 1=On (default) This command MUST have OUTPUT bits = 0 for DVI-U Ie, F44104102B5000001?? Added in firmware 548, not available in previous versions
Output On/Off	50	41	2B6	0=Off 1=On (default) Added in firmware 548, not available in previous versions
HDCP enabled	10	41	233	01, Off, On (if display supports it)  This command MUST have OUTPUT bits = 1 for HDMI  Ie, F4410411233000001??
HDCP enabled	11	41	233	01, Off, On (if display supports it)  This command MUST have OUTPUT bits = 0 for DVI-U  Ie, F4411410233000001??



HDCP status	10	41	234	Read only
	11			0=Unavailable
				1=Supported
				2=Active
				3=Repeater supported
				4=Repeater active
				5=No display
				6=EDID read
				7=Wait HDCP
				8=Wait secure
				9=KSV FIFO Rd
				10=Setup video
				11=Display on
Background color R	-	41	13D	0255
Background color G	-	41	13B	0255
Background color B	-	41	13C	0255
Allow HDMI output	11	41	288	0=DVI only, 1=Use HDMI if supported
Allow Errors	10	41	2B4	0=Off (normal operation)
				1=On
				This command MUST have OUTPUT bits = 1 for HDMI
				le, F44104112B4000001??
				Added in firmware 548, not available in previous versions
Allow Errors	11	41	2B4	0=Off (normal operation)
				1=On
				This command MUST have OUTPUT bits = 0 for DVI-U
				Ie, F44114102B4000001??
\(\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\f	4.4	4.4	404	Added in firmware 548, not available in previous versions
YC/CV Output Standard	11	41	101	0=NTSC-M/PAL-BDGHI
				1=PAL-M/PAL-N



				V// (VOI1L
Audio	-	41	269	0x10 = HDMI 0x11 = DVI-U 0x50 = SDI 0x70=3.5mm Jack 0x71=Analog in 1 0x72=Analog in 2 0x73=Analog in 3 0xA0=Follow primary 0xA1=Follow background 0xA2=Mute
Primary source	-	41	082	0x10=HDMI 0x11=DVI-U 0x12=PC/HD 0x30=CV 0x40=YC 0x50=SDI 0xF0=Still#1 0xF1=Still#2 0xF2=Still#3 0xF3=Still#4 0xF4=Still#5
Primary source resolution	-	41	0F8	Read only returns # of resolution
Auto Switch	-	41	2B0	01 = Off, On Added in firmware 541, not available in previous versions
Auto Switch Logo	-	41	2B1	0=None 1=Logo #1 2=Logo #2 3=Logo #3 4=Logo #4 5=Logo #5 6=Default ("Scanning") Added in firmware 541, not available in previous versions



				V// LVOINL
Auto Switch Delay Start	-	41	2B2	0=1 second
				1=2 seconds
				2=5 seconds
				3=10 seconds
				4=20 seconds
				Added in firmware 541, not available in previous versions
Auto Switch Dwell Time	-	41	2B3	0=1/2 second
				1=1 second
				2=2 seconds
				3=3 seconds
				4=4 seconds
				Added in firmware 541, not available in previous versions
Zoom level %	-	41	086	1001000
H/V zoom pan % (H)	-	41	09F	0100
H/V zoom pan % (V)	-	41	0A0	0100
Image freeze	-	41	09C	01 = Off, On
H/V crop % (H)	-	41	223	0100
H/V crop % (V)	-	41	224	0100
PIP size %	-	41	087	10100
PIP/Logo H Placement %	-	41, 61	0DA	0100
PIP/Logo V Placement %	-	41, 61	0DB	0100
Primary view mode	-	41	18E	0=Full Screen
				1=PIP
				2=Hidden
Primary Sizing mode	-	41	102	0=Percent
, 3				2=Pixel
In (size H) (	-	41	21C	Defines the width of the incoming image you want to see
Pixel size mode equivalent of Zoom and Crop				from the top left defined above (range depends upon
				resolution 01200)
In (size V)	-	41	21E	Defines the height of the incoming image you want to see
Pixel size mode equivalent of Zoom and Crop				from the top left defined above (range depends upon
				resolution 01200)
In (top left H)	-	41	21B	,
Pixel size mode equivalent of Zoom and Crop				to see (range depends upon resolution 01600)
In (top left H) Pixel size mode equivalent of Zoom and Crop	-	41	21B	Defines the top left corner of the incoming image you want to see (range depends upon resolution 01600)



				<b>&gt;//</b> 33 31 12
In (top left V) Pixel size mode equivalent of Zoom and Crop	-	41	21D	Defines the top left corner of the incoming image you want to see (range depends upon resolution 01200)
Out (size H) Pixel size mode equivalent of Placement and Size	-	41	220	Defines the size of the Primary image when placed on the output resolution (range depends upon resolution 01200)
Out (size V) Pixel size mode equivalent of Placement and Size	-	41	222	Defines the size of the Primary image when placed on the output resolution (range depends upon resolution 01200)
Out (top left H) Pixel size mode equivalent of Placement and Size	-	41	21F	Defines the top left corner where the Primary is placed on the output resolution (range depends upon resolution 01200)
Out (top left V) Pixel size mode equivalent of Placement and Size	-	41	221	Defines the top left corner where the Primary is placed on the output resolution (range depends upon resolution 01200)
Flicker reduction	-	41	092	03 = Off, Low, Med, High
Image smoothing	-	41	0A1	03 = Off, Med, High, Auto
Image flip	-	41	095	03 = Off, Horiz., Vertical, H & V
Temporal interpolation	-	41	229	01 = Off, On
Primary/Logo Opacity	-	41,61	10F	0100 = Fade level %
Fade out / in	-	41	29D	0 = Primary Fades In 1 = Primary Fades Out
Swap primary/background	-	41	29A	0=P/B 1=B/P
EDID Capture To	10,11	41	29C	0=Inactive 1=#1 2=#2 3=#3 4=#4 Auto-resets back to 0 after capture.
Keyer enable	-	41	127	01 = Off, On
Y key min/max (min)	-	41	0AF	0255
Y key min/max (max)	-	41	0B2	0255
Y key Softness	-	41	121	0255
Y key Invert	-	41	122	01 = Off, On
U key min/max (min)	-	41	0B0	0255
U key min/max (max)	-	41	0B3	0255



			<b>/// (* 0.11</b>
-	41	123	0255
-	41	124	01 = Off, On
-	41	0B1	0255
-	41	0B4	0255
-	41	125	0255
-	41	126	01 = Off, On
-	61	143	0=None
			1=#1
			2=#2
			3=#3
			4=#4
			5=#5
-	41,61	0DA	0100
-	41,61	0DB	0100
-	41,61	10F	0100%
-	41,61	150	01 = Off, On
-	41,61	152	099
-	41,61	151	099
-	41,61	153	099
-	41,61	154	099
-	41,61	158	0 (fully transparent)100 (solid)
-	41,61	157	0255
-	41,61	155	0255
-	41,61	156	0255
10,11	41	0FE	1= Start Calibrate procedure
10F4	41	240	0=Fill (default)
			1=Aspect, 2=H-fit, 3=V-fit, 4=1:1
		- 41 - 41 - 41 - 41 - 41 - 41 - 41 - 41	- 41 0B1 - 41 0B4 - 41 0B4 - 41 125 - 41 126 - 41 126 - 61 143  - 61 143  - 41,61 0DA - 41,61 10F - 41,61 150 - 41,61 152 - 41,61 151 - 41,61 153 - 41,61 154 - 41,61 158 - 41,61 157 - 41,61 157 - 41,61 155 - 41,61 155 - 41,61 155 - 41,61 156 10,11 41 0FE



EDID to use	10,11	41	243	0=Pass Through DVI-U 1=Pass Through HDMI 2=Default DVI 3=Default HDMI 4=#1 5=#2 6=#3
				7=#4
HDCP	10,11	41	237	0=Off, 1=On
HDCP status	10,11	41	238	0=Inactive, 1=Active
Align TL pos. adj. (left)	1050	41	0B6	-100100
Align TL pos. adj. (top)	1050	41	0B7	-100100
Align BR size adj. (right)	1050	41	0DE	-100100
Align BR size adj. (bottom)	1050	41	0DF	-100100
Audio input source	10F4	41	242	0x10=HDMI 0x11=DVI-U 0x50=SDI 0x70=3.5mm Jack 0x71=Analog in 1 0x72=Analog in 2 0x73=Analog in 3 0xA2=Mute
On source loss	1050	41	0A3	0=Show 1=Freeze 2=Blue 3=Black 4=Remove
Source stable	1050	41	22A	Read Only 0=Unstable, 1=Stable
Input pixel phase	11,12	41	091	031



				\//\ tvO	IAL
RGB input type	11,12	41	0C1	8 = Auto	
				6 = D-RGB	
				11 = D-YUV	
				10 = A-RGB	
				12 = A-YUV	
				13 = CV (only for DVI-U)	
				14 = YC (only for DVI-U)	
RGB/YUV contr. (red,V)	11,12	41	0C5	75150	
RGB/YUV contr. (green,Y)	11,12	41	0C6	75150	
RGB/YUV contr. (blue,U)	11,12	41	0C7	75150	
YUV setup level	11,12	41	23E	0=0 IRE	
·				1=7.5 IRE	
De-interlace	1050	41	0B8	0=Weave	
				1=Auto	
				2=Film 3:2	
				3=Motion Compensation low	
				4= Motion Compensation med.	
				5=M Motion Compensation high	
				6=Frame/bob	
Film mode detected	1050	41	0E3	Read only	
				01 = Not detected, Detected	
Diagonal interpolation	1050	41	22B	01 = Off, On	
Noise reduction	1050	41	23F	01 = Off, On	-
Standard Detect	11, 30, 40	41	08A	0=Auto	
				1=NTSC	
				2=PAL	
				3=PAL-M	
				4=PAL-N	
				5=SECAM	
Bright	11,12,30,40	41	0BB	10180	
Contrast	11,12,30,40	41	0BC	0180	
Saturation	11,12,30,40	41	0B9	0180	
Hue	11,12,30,40	41	0BA	-9090	
Sharpness	11,12,30,40	41	080	-60+60	
•				·	



Field swap	1050	41	0C9	01 = Off, On (swaps odd/even fields)
Field Offset	1050	41	196	07 = -4+3 (defaults to $4 = 0$ )
Transition duration	-	41	0F5	0 to 9999 (999.9 seconds)
Transition type	-	41	112	0=Cut
				1=Fade
				2=Push Right
				3=Push Left
				4=Push Up
				5=Push Down
				6=Wipe Right
				7=Wipe Left
				8=Wipe Up
				9=Wipe Down
				10=Wipe Diagonal
				11=Wipe Diamond
Transition Wipe size	-	41	146	102000 pixels

Adjust resolutions
Note: You MUST set the 'Image to adjust' value to the correct value first, and only then change the other values - otherwise you may be adjusting the wrong entry.

Image to adjust	-	41	081	1800
Interlaced	-	41	0CA	01 = Off, On
H.freq.crse	-	41	0BE	10000200000
H.freq.fine	-	41	0BF	10000200000
H/V active (H)	-	41	096	642047
H/V active (V)	-	41	097	642047
H/V start (H)	-	41	08B	01023
H/V start (V)	-	41	08C	01023
Clks/l	-	41	08D	644095
Lines/f	-	41	08E	642047
H/V sync (H)	-	41	08F	81023
H/V sync (V)	-	41	090	11023
Sync polarity	-	41	094	03 = ++, +-, -+,

Page 15 PDF-REMOTE-CONTROL-C2-2x55, V1.4



				<b>V//</b> 0. <b>C</b> 1.
System				
SW (Software version)	-	41	0D2	Read only
PT (Product type)	-	41	0C4	Read only
BT (Board type)	-	41	0C2	Read only
API Version	-	41	2AA	Read only
Calibrate Sense	-	41	0FF	03 = Low, medium, high, v.high
Store	-	41	0C8	Set to 1 to store
Buzzer	-	41	0CB	01 = Off, On
Power cycles	-	41	0D6	Read only
Firmware updates	-	41	0DD	Read only
Hours in use	-	41	0D7	Read only
Resolutions	-	41	0D8	Read only
Number of Stills	-	41	0D9	Read only
Number of Logos	-	41	14F	Read only
RS232 Baud rate	-	41	0AB	05 = 9600, 19200, 28800, 33600, 38400, 57600
System STANDBY	-	41	281	0 = Operating, 1 = In STANDBY mode
Front panel lock	-	41	0FC	01 = unlocked, locked
Lock front panel after inactivity timeout	-	41	2A4	05 = never, 1 minute5 minutes
Adjust front panel brightness	-	41	2A5	06 = 100%, 90%, 80%, 70%, 60%, 50%, 40%, 30%, 20%
Dim front panel after period of inactivity	-	41	2A7	05 = never, 1 minute5 minutes
Turn off front panel after period of inactivity	-	41	2A8	06 = never, 1, 2, 5, 10, 30, 60 minutes
Allow menus to wrap	-	41	2A3	01 = no, yes
Display "Settings" menu entries in Live side menu	-	41	2AB	01 = no, yes
Display "▶" shortcut to settings in Live Side Menu	-	41	2AC	01 = no, yes
Lock unit interface to only allow access to Presets	-	41	2AD	01 = no, yes
Define the startup-up menu location	-	41	29F	06 = Home, Setup, Live, Primary, Background, Preset, Shortcuts 6 added in firmware 541, not available in previous versions
Demo mode cycle time	-	41	2A9	05 = Off, 5, 10, 20, 30, 60 seconds



#### 2.3.1 Reset command

This is a special command to reset a unit (as if power had been removed and re-applied). Note that unlike the above commands, this is sent as binary (i.e. not as ASCII text).

0x53, 0x06, 0x04, 0x01, 0x55, 0xAA, 0x55, 0xB2

E.g. In Visual Basic, send the string: Chr\$(&H53) + Chr\$(&H6) + Chr\$(&H4) + Chr\$(&H1) + Chr\$(&H55) + Chr\$(&HAA) + Chr\$(&H55) + Chr\$(&HB2)

#### 2.3.2 Event Messages

As well as API commands which allow the user to configure and interrogate the unit, there is an additional set of 'Event Messages'. These are broadcast by the unit describing events which have not meant a setting has been changed. For example, key press events or the information on the unit display changing.

These messages follow the same syntax as described previously. They all return with the FUNCTION code 2A6

The following table details many of the DATA values for different events. It is not exhaustive, you may see codes which are not in the table. These are undocumented for tvONE use only, and subject to change.

OLEDChangedEvent	0x010000
Entering Standby	0x030000
Preset#Loaded (LSB=Preset#)	0x040001
Preset#Saved (LSB=Preset#)	0x050002
Preset#Erased (LSB=Preset#)	0x060001
Logo#Erased (LSB=Logo#)	0x070001
Still#Erased (LSB=Still#)	0x080001
PanelLocked	0x090001
PanelUnlocked	0x090000
ButtonEvent_Up_Pressed	0x020010
ButtonEvent_Down_Pressed	0x020018

ButtonEvent_Left_Pressed	0x020000
ButtonEvent_Right_Pressed	0x020008
ButtonEvent_OK_Pressed	0x020020
ButtonEvent_Back_Pressed	0x020001
ButtonEvent_Alt_Pressed	0x020009
ButtonEvent_Preset_Pressed	0x02000F
ButtonEvent_Power_Pressed	0x020007
ButtonEvent_B1_Pressed	0x020002
ButtonEvent_B2_Pressed	0x02000A
ButtonEvent_B3_Pressed	0x020012
ButtonEvent_B4_Pressed	0x02001A

0x020022
0x02002A
0x020050
0x020058
0x020040
0x020048
0x020060
0x020041
0x020049
0x02004F
0x020047



ButtonEvent_B1_Released	0x020042
ButtonEvent_B2_Released	0x02004A

ButtonEvent_B3_Released	0x020052
ButtonEvent_B4_Released	0x02005A

ButtonEvent_B5_Released	0x020062
ButtonEvent_B6_Released	0x02006A