



1T-C2 Series

User Guide V3.00

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Welcome

Thank you for buying this 1T-C2 series product.

The 1T-C2 series uses the proprietary CORIO®2 Engine to perform its functions, being the second generation of the successful CORIO® products. The CORIO®2 technology is a powerful toolset for any application requiring high quality video signal conversion or image manipulation.

All units feature a single video processing and scaling engine, with some unit's also featuring video mixing, keying and fader capabilities.

These functions allow the flexibility for handling a wide range of inputs and outputs, depending on the unit used.

All units are at one in the home and broadcast & display environments. The 1T-C2 series offers a range of high-level image processing functions – with each model designed to fulfill a particular need.

The 1T-C2 series includes the following products.

1T-C2-100 Down Converter

Down converting an image is when a computer PC or HD input is inputted to the unit. The input signal is then converted into a suitable signal which can then be displayed for use on a video screen or television, such as composite video.

1T-C2-150 Down Converter PLUS

This unit has all the features of a Down Converter, but it also has the added facility to superimpose the inputted computer image on top of an existing video signal. This is achieved with the unit's inbuilt facilities such as Keying, Picture in Picture (PIP), and fading.

1T-C2-200 Video Scaler

This unit allows for a standard television video signal, such as Composite Video, to be input into the unit and then converted for use on a computer display. When using this function you can switch back to the computer image by pressing a button. This is known as bypass mode.

1T-C2-250 Video Scaler PLUS

Video Scaler Plus has all the features of the Video Scaler unit, but with the added facility of superimposing the converted video signal over the top of an existing computer video signal. This is achieved by using the unit's inbuilt features such as Keying, Picture in Picture (PIP), Fading, and the facility to switch between overlaying the foreground over the background and vice versa – background/foreground priority.

1T-C2-400 PC/HD Scaler

This unit allows computer / high-definition video scaling from one resolution to another – for example, 720p to 1080i, or VGA to XGA, etc. This unit does not have any overlay abilities.

Device Features

General Topography

4:4:4 RGB / YUV sampling provides full bandwidth color which allows precise keying where included in the units capabilities. This can be achieved through the keys on the front of the unit. Each unit's video inputs accommodate multiple video and computer signal formats and resolutions – see specifications at end of manual for full details.

Ultimate flexibility

The 1T-C2 series' output signal format flexibility assures that the Native Resolution of virtually any display can be matched. Because of the resolution calculator (included in the Windows® Control Panel), even new resolutions can be added to the unit. Signal parameter adjustments can be made for each video input and are stored in individual non-volatile memories for retrieval once the unit's power has been removed. The Video Scaler units employ pixel adaptive motion compensation to de-interlace fast moving images, and automatic 3:2 Pull-down efficiently de-interlaces video from 24 fps NTSC film.

Simple Control

The unit can be controlled in various ways. One option is to control it from the front panel using the keys on the front of the unit. Another option would be to control the unit from an infra-red remote control. It can also be controlled via RS-232 using the Windows Control Panel.

The Windows Control Panel is available for download from our Internet site and affords complete control of the unit and adds Scripting to facilitate long, complex sequence of commands.

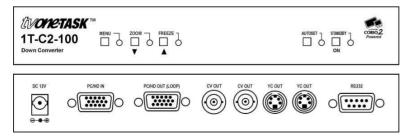
Finally, a hardware based switcher like the CORIO®console unit allows the user to control the unit by mimicking a classic video switcher device.

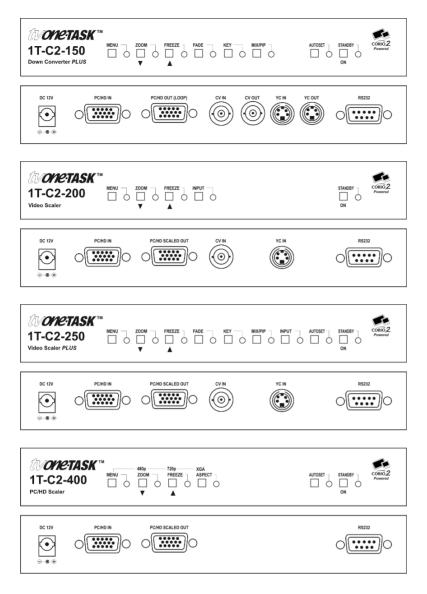
Upgradeability

All 1T-C2 units benefit from firmware upgradeability, thus reducing product obsolescence by allowing the installation of the latest version of firmware. This not only applies to the software used to control the unit, but also to the range of resolutions stored inside the unit, the addition of new features, and upgrades to the heart of the image processing hardware – the CORIO®2 scaling engine. See http://www.tvone.com/support for more detail.

Product images

Your 1T-C2 product should look like one of the units below.





Front panel controls

The range of buttons on the front of the unit provides the user with quick access for selecting a variety of inputs and features. Since all the units in the 1T-C2 series are different, not all of the descriptions below will be applicable to the unit in question. The mostly notable are the MIX/KEY/FADE buttons that are on certain units only.

The MENU button, ↓ button, and ↑button set on the front panel provide the user with a way of navigating the on-screen-display (OSD) menu system. The RS232 interface and infra-red remote control also provide further ways of controlling the unit, which are detailed in a later section.

Button controls



A sub-set of the following buttons will be available on the front of the unit, depending on the model in use:

Button	Button Function		
MENU	Press once to show the on-screen display (OSD). Hold in to cancel the OSD. Hold in for longer to store the current settings.		
ZOOM↓	Jumps to the 'Zoom' menu item (also steps Zoom between 100%, 150%, 200% and 300% if the OSD is not active)		
FREEZE ↑	Freezes the current image (does not affect any background image)		
INPUT	Cycles through the inputs on the rear of the unit to use for image conversion – RGB, followed by CV, followed by YC, and back to RGB again.		
FADE	Fades out the current image – fades back in on next press		
KEY	Enables keying – see 'Adjust keyers' menu.		
	(Key color defaults to black, so black foreground will disappear.)		
MIX/PIP	Sets Lock mode to Lock & Mix, to overlay onto the current Lock source. Use with the KEY and FADE buttons for more flexibility.		
	A 2 nd press will also activate PIP mode (this enables the Shrink value in 'Adjust windows'). See 'Adjust outputs' menu details.		
AUTOSET	Activates Autoset for the current analog RGB input		
ASPECT	Cycles through 2 aspect ratio settings (letterbox and side-bars) before returning to 'normal'.		
STANDBY	Hold in to put the unit into Standby (power-save) mode.		
	Hold in briefly to come out of Standby mode.		

MENU ↓ and ↑ buttons

The on-screen display (OSD) is controlled from the front panel by using these buttons. MENU will activate the OSD, whilst the \downarrow and \uparrow arrowed keys will allow different menu items to be selected and adjusted – this is detailed in a later section.

Advanced menus

System	
Advanced menus	[Off]

The above menu item must be 'On' to activate certain menu items. These typically control the more advanced items in the menus.

Special button combinations and functions

Various button combinations are available to perform certain functions:

These buttons combinations only work when the unit is switched on and active i.e. with the STANDBY/ON LED off.

Locking front panel buttons & IR remote control

This can be performed by pressing STANDBY/ON and FREEZE at the same time. All front panel buttons and IR remote commands will be disabled, with the exception of repeating the above combination to unlock the unit and for storing the current locked buttons setting (thus letting you make sure the unit always starts up with the buttons locked). The IR remote's LOCK and STORE buttons will always be active, giving another way to turn button/IR remote locking off.

The STANDBY/ON button will flash when the unit's buttons are locked.

Restore power-on settings

Should your current settings not allow you to see the on-screen display (OSD), restoring the last-saved settings might be useful. This can be done by pressing STANDBY/ON and MENU at the same time until a single beep is heard.

Factory Reset

If you wish to restore all operational parameters to their original condition (for example, if saved settings prevent the unit from working with your display monitor), hold the STANDBY/ON and MENU buttons in together until at least two beeps are heard.

All stored settings except resolutions are lost when the unit is reset. A Firmware update is the only way to perform a complete factory reset (including resolution data).

Switching units between different resolutions using the front panel

Down converters will default to outputting NTSC after a Factory Reset, whilst Video and PC/HD Scalers will default to outputting XGA (1024x768 @ 60Hz).

Should your display or output device not support the default resolution, or if you wish to have quick access to an alternate resolution, the following button combinations below can be used.

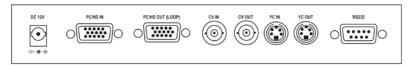
For example, press MENU & FREEZE together on the 1T-C2-100 to select PAL. When you are happy with the output resolution selected, press and hold the MENU button in to store the current settings.

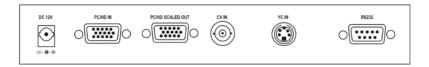
Please note that these changes will have no immediate effect if LOCK or MIX buttons are illuminated, as this means that the output resolution is locked to the Lock source.

Unit:	1T-C2-100	1T-C2-200	1T-C2-400
	1T-C2-150	1T-C2-250	
MENU-ZOOM	NTSC	Not used	480p
	(Default)		
MENU-FREEZE	PAL	Not used	720p
MENU-INPUT	Not used	XGA	XGA
		(Default)	(Default)

Video inputs and outputs

The units have different video inputs and outputs depending on your model, and with the PC/HD output being either scaled, or just as a loop-through from the PC/HD input.





Computer and Video inputs

The PC/HD input can accept:

Analog RGBHV RGsB (sync on green) RGBS (composite sync at TTL levels) YUV/YPbPr (including tri-level)

In most cases, the particular input being used will be auto-detected. See 'Adjust sources' for more information on manually selecting an input type. On some units such as Video Scalers, the PC/HD input is there just to pass a PC signal through to the monitor in 'bypass' mode.

CV and YC inputs can accept either standard NTSC or PAL inputs – for example, from a video camera, VCR, DVD player, gaming device, etc. PAL and NTSC detection is automatic.

Computer and Video outputs

The units have a number of different outputs depending on the function of the unit – see earlier front and rear panel diagrams to see what is available on your unit.

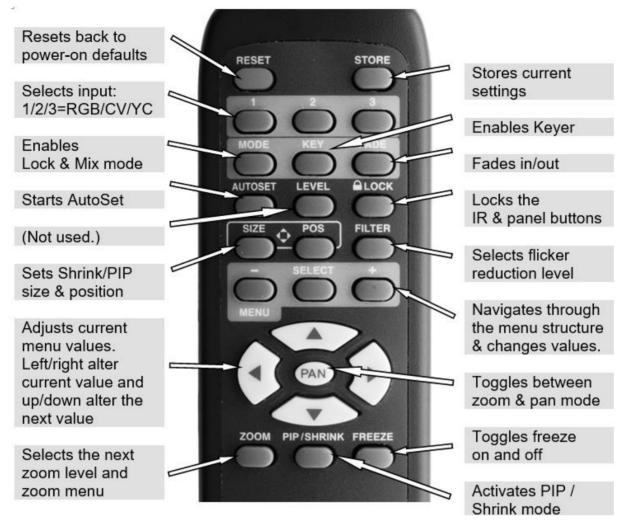
The PC/HD output can use:

Analog RGBHV RGsB (sync on green) RGBS (separate sync at TTL levels) YUV/YPbPr (including tri-level).

However, note that on some units such as Down Converters, the PC/HD output is there just to loop the PC image through to the PC monitor. On Video and PC/HD Scalers, bypass mode (with the unit in Standby) will feed PC/HD input to the PC/HD output directly.

CV and YC outputs always function simultaneously and can be set to either standard NTSC or PAL – see 'Adjust outputs' for more information

Infra-red remote control



The transmit range of the remote control depends on many factors, but is designed to be fairly directional. Therefore you should always aim it directly towards your unit.

The IR remote control can be disabled in the System menu. This can be used in situations where multiple units respond to the same remote control or are located close to one another.

Menu LAYOUT and SETTINGS Adjustment

From here on, we'll be looking at the menu structure employed in the series and, more importantly, the individual menu items that allow you to take advantage of the power of the unit.

You'll be using the MENU \downarrow and \uparrow buttons and the on-screen display (OSD) to view the options and settings available to you. The OSD can be activated by pressing the MENU button once. Holding the MENU button in for a short while will then close the OSD.

Whilst the OSD is active, use the \downarrow and \uparrow buttons to change where you are in the menu. Go into a sub menu by pressing the MENU button once. To exit a sub menu, scroll using the \downarrow or \uparrow button to the end of the sub-menu to reveal Exit. Push in the MENU button to exit the sub menu.

You can edit a value in brackets '[]' by pressing the MENU button once (you'll note that the brackets surrounding a particular parameter's value will begin to flash). Change the value by using the \downarrow and \uparrow

buttons to decrease and increase the value respectively. Then finalize your adjustment by pressing the MENU button once more.

A few menu items have multiple parameters within an individual menu selection. In those cases, you can adjust one item, and then move to the next, etc.

Holding the MENU button in for a few seconds stores all changes in memory. Unless you intentionally change it again later, the adjustment will remain even after power is removed from the unit.

Menus are arranged so that a particular general function has a menu name on the top line and beneath that either a sub-menu or one or more related individual settings are displayed.

In some cases the functionality is global – meaning it has an effect on the unit as a whole (such as changing the output resolution). In the majority of cases, the function is related to a specific operational area of the unit, detailed by the text in the top line.

There are two screens that appear before the Group Menus (sub-menus) are accessed.

CORIO2 TV One

The first is the 'welcome' display shown above indicating the model of the unit.

www.tvone.com SW: 65. PT: 12, BT: 13

Moving to the next menu item displays the firmware information screen (the numbers on your unit will be different to those shown). The SW number refers to the version of firmware loaded into the unit, this can be upgraded from the support website.

The PT and BT numbers refer to Hardware version information and are of interest to the Technical Support Group should you ever need assistance.

At the end of all Group Menus will be an 'Exit' item. Simply select this to exit the existing menu structure and return to the previous one in the hierarchy.

Group Names and Descriptions

Menu Group Name	Group Description	
Adjust outputs	Controls output parameters	
Adjust windows	Controls characteristics of the scaled window	
Adjust keyers*	Controls the keying ability of the unit	
Adjust sources	Controls signal source input parameters	
Adjust resolutions	Controls unit's input/output resolution table	
System	Controls global system parameters for the unit	

*Note that not all units have this menu item.

Note that the 'Advanced menus' menu item must be 'On' to activate certain menu items.

Items Associated with the Adjust outputs group

This menu group allows adjustments to be made that specifically affect the output of the unit, including output resolution and locking/overlaying onto a computer or video source.

800 x 600 60Hz	
Lock mode	[Off] [RGB1]

This menu item allows the lock mode to be selected and the lock source to be defined. The top line of the display shows the current detected resolution of the selected lock source (RGB1 in this example). The lock mode can be either Off, Genlock or Lock & Mix, with the operation of these shown in the following table:

Lock mode	Description
Off	The output resolution of the Output is defined by the setting for Output Resolution and there will be no background source visible.
Genlock	The output video will be "Genlocked" to the selected lock source. The output signal will be synchronous to the input sync and adjustable but there will still be no lock source visible.
Lock & Mix	The output video will be locked to the selected source, the syncs will be locked (but with an additional internal video processing delay) and the background for the output will be that of the Lock source (unless foreground and background are swapped).
Frm.lock*	The frame rate of the output will be locked to the frame rate of the input. This can only work if the output resolution frame rate matches that of the lock source frame rate. 'Frm.lock' will flash until a highly stable lock has been achieved.

*Only certain models support this.

In both Genlock and Lock & Mix modes the source selected for the lock input determines the resolution of the output image. The output resolution for the entire image can be no different than the resolution of the lock source. All synchronization signals are re-generated within the unit so they may look slightly different when compared on an oscilloscope to the original source.

In Frame-lock mode, the output resolution is independent of the lock source, but the frame-rate must match that of the source (e.g. 1280x1024 60Hz can be frame-locked to 640x480 60Hz). Frame-lock is very useful for synchronizing a HD-SDI output (e.g. 1080i 59.94Hz) to a composite video source (e.g. NTSC), or for scaling one resolution to another while avoiding any potential frame-rate conversion artifacts.

'H/V shift' can be used to align the output to the input more accurately, but this may cause instability until the lock is re-acquired ('Frm.lock' will flash).

Before turning the Lock feature on, you first must select a valid Lock source. Some units may not have all Lock sources available, depending on hardware limitations – see Specifications for details of limitations on your unit.

If the Lock source you choose is not valid, then Genlock or Lock & Mix will be temporarily disabled, until the Lock source becomes valid again. When disabled, the resolution previously specified in 'Output res' becomes the output resolution.

1024 x 768 60Hz	
Output res.	[28]

Your unit can handle a very wide array of inputs and convert them all to a single output signal with defined characteristics. This output resolution will remain in place until changed or it may be overridden by the lock mode and source.

The top line of the display will show the current output resolution selected. Some units will have a limited number of output resolutions depending on their function (e.g. Down Converters are more limited than Video Scalers).

1024 x 7	68 60Hz		
HDCP	(Active)	On	

HDCP is handled only on certain units with DVI outputs, so this menu may not appear on your own unit. HDCP is a 'High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection' system, which can ensure that a high definition video signal cannot be received by units not equipped with a HDCP receiver.

This menu lets you see the current status of the output and whether HDCP is supported or active, and also lets you turn off the output's HDCP encryption system. Note, however, that turning HDCP off at the output will also prevent HDCP-encrypted signals from being received by the unit – see the table below.

By default, HDCP on the output is turned On - so that if your attached DVI display is HDCP-compliant, then your output will be encrypted (regardless of whether the input to the scaler is encrypted). Note that you don't have to attach a display to the output of the scaler – another unit can be connected instead, in which case that unit is known as a 'repeater'.

It is important to note that if your source is HDCP encrypted (for example, from a Blu-ray player) then you cannot output any un-encrypted signals that use this source (such as SDI, analog YPbPr, etc.). Only HDCP-encrypted DVI or HDMI can be output. Therefore if your source is encrypted then you must ensure that this HDCP setting is On and that your display is HDCP compatible.

Please also see the HDCP menu item in 'Adjust sources', as this controls availability of HDCP at the DVI input.

The status message given in brackets has the following meaning:

Status message	Description	Effect
No display	There is no display attached (HOTPLUG is low).	Nothing will be output on the DVI connector.
Unavailable	The device attached is not capable of supporting HDCP.	As the DVI output cannot be HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source cannot be selected for scaling.
Supported	The device attached is capable of HDCP, but the output is not currently encrypted.	As the DVI output is not HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source cannot be selected for scaling.

Active	The device attached is capable of HDCP, and the output from the unit is encrypted.	As the DVI output is HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source can be selected for scaling. Note that no other output connector (SDI, CV, YC, YUV or RGBHV) will function – since they are not encrypted.	
Rep. supprt	The repeater unit (e.g. scaler) attached is capable of HDCP, but the output is not currently encrypted.	As the DVI output is not HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source cannot be selected for scaling.	
Rep. active	The repeater unit (e.g. scaler) attached is capable of HDCP, and the output from the unit is encrypted.	As the DVI output is HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source can be selected for scaling. Note that no other output connector (SDI, CV, YC, YUV or RGBHV) will function – since they are not encrypted.	

Adjust outputs
Output type [RGBHV]

Adjust outputs
Anlog= [RGBHV] Dig= RGBHV

This menu may appear as either of the above – depending on whether the analog and digital outputs are controlled separately.

This menu item allows you to select the type of signal output your unit will provide. Types of output vary depending on the resolution selected and include various types of component signals YUV or tlYUV (trilevel YUV) and the full range of RGB type signals RGBHV, RGBS and RGsB (Sync on green).

Note that this value is remembered for each resolution – so you can set 1024x768 60Hz to RGBHV and 1280x720 60Hz to tlYUV and both will be remembered separately. This value is not affected by a Factory reset – but is reset by a firmware update.

Adjust outputs
Optimize for SDI [On]

This menu item is only available on certain units with an SDI output and when locking to a CV or YC input. An internal de-jitter circuit ensures that the SDI output has a low jitter over the full 10Hz to 100kHz range, even though the CV or YC input may have a high jitter. However, this is not always compatible with a CV/YC output where the colour sub-carrier should not be de-jittered and needs to follow a Lock source's input – hence it should be turned Off it the CV/YC outputs are going to be used.

Adjust outputs
Stand. [NTSC-M/PAL-BDGHI]

This menu item is only available when the Output resolution is set to PAL or NTSC. With this you can change the output type to the PAL or NTSC standard with the further option of changing the output to

the additional PAL & NSTC standards such as PAL-M or PAL-N. SECAM is also available as an output on some units, provided the 'Output res' is set to PAL / 50Hz.

Adjust outputs

Luma/chr BW [Med] / [Med]

This menu item is only available on certain units when the Output resolution is set to PAL or NTSC. With this you can change the output filtering system to increase or decrease the image sharpness. In general, high sharpness can result in increased colour disturbance.

Adjust outputs

Back Y/U/V [16] [128] [128]

Sets the value of the fixed background color, which is present when PIP is used with no Lock source background displayed. This menu item is only available for units with overlay, keying and fading abilities.

Adjust outputs

Audio emb. [On] [DVI-U1]

For certain units with HDMI and/or SDI-compatible inputs and outputs, the audio can be de-embedded from the video signal and sent to a compatible output.

'On' enables this to happen, and allows the audio source to be selected. 'WinA' sets the audio source to follow that of the main window's video source.

Items Associated with the Adjust windows group

This menu group allows adjustment to be made to window specific parameters such as the window source, its position, size and zoom level.

Window size adjustment can be performed in a number of different ways according to whether 'Aspect adjust' is set to Simple, Advanced or Pixel. The main part of this text assumes Simple mode – see later for a detailed description of the other modes.

Adjust windows
Window to adjust [A]

This menu item only appears on units with multiple windows or PIPs. It is used to select which one you want to modify. Alternatively, use one of the dedicated buttons on the front panel to choose the window to adjust.

NTSC / 60Hz Source [YC1]

The source display screen allows the input source for the currently selected window to be changed. The top line of the display shows the detected characteristics of the signal. Valid Input sources match those available on the front of the unit.

Certain units do not have full flexibility of Window source and Lock source when Genlock or Lock & Mix are active (in the Adjust outputs menu group). See the Specifications for your unit to see if any limitations are present.

Adjust windows
Window enable [On]

Available on certain units only, this quickly enables or disables the window being adjusted.

Adjust windows
Zoom level % [100]

Changing this option, sets the amount of picture magnification you wish to use for the window Source. You are provided with the options to zoom the image from 100% to 1000% (10x zoom).

Adjust windows

H/V zoom pan % [50] [50]

Once an image has been 'zoomed', this control allows the image to be positioned within the window so that any portion can be seen, not just the middle.

Adjust windows
Image freeze [Off]

This menu item allows the image to be frozen or unfrozen – thus keeping a single image on screen indefinitely. Note that images are not stored when power is removed from the unit.

Adjust windows

H/V crop % [0] 0

This allows the scaled image to be cropped at the top/bottom edges, or at the sides. Typically, this is used when performing a picture-in-picture (PIP) function (only available on certain models), where the incoming video signal has a letterbox or pillarbox size (i.e. it has black areas at the top/bottom or sides).

By adjusting the H/V values, you can crop out the black areas to correct the size on the final output screen. Note that it does not change the shape or aspect ratio of the image – but just removes the parts of the image that are not required.

Adjust windows

H/V out shift [0] [0]

This positions the selected Window horizontally and vertically on the monitor. This should only be used for 'fine tuning' and should not normally require adjustment – use the Shrink H/V adjustment when your image is less than 100% Shrink value.

Adjust windows
Shrink level% [50] [On]

Shrink Level determines the percentage of the monitor's total available screen space that the selected Window image occupies. Adjustment is provided for a reduction down to 10% of the overall output size. In most cases, this feature is used for picture-in-picture (PIP) when a background image is being used (for units with overlay abilities).

Note that some units do not have the [On] entry – this is only for units with a PIP button on the front, with turns this entry On and Off. On these units, this feature is 'Off' by default, so that the full image size of 100% is used. Shrink level will need to be turned On before any change to this value has an effect.

Adjust windows
H/V position % [100] [50]

This menu option determines the position of the shrunken image on the monitor screen. This will move an image that is less than the full screen size left/right or up/down within the monitor's available screen space. It will not let you move the image off the screen, so certain values will appear to have no effect (unless you use a very low Shrink value like 10%).

Adjust windows
Aspect change [Normal]

This item provides a simple way of changing the output screen aspect ratio, to suit the incoming video signal and final output display size. Use the zoom/shrink functions for occasions when the aspect ratio is an odd format.

Adjust windows
Aspect adjust [Simple]

See later section for further details on this item.

Adjust windows

Temporal interp. [Off]

This is a feature only present in advanced units only. It greatly improves the method of frame-rate conversion, by allowing the unit to merge frames together during the process.

When 'Off', the unit will use frame-repetition when converting 50Hz to 60Hz (i.e. it has to duplicate every 5th frame), or frame-dropping when converting 60Hz to 50Hz (i.e. it has to drop every 6th frame). When 'On', smooth blending is applied so that frames are not lost, but blended together at the appropriate times.

Adjust windows

Flicker Reduction [Low]

The Flicker Reduction menu item will only appear if you have selected a low resolution interlaced output such as PAL or NTSC. If you are using CV or YC outputs, this adjustment may be of interest, particularly when you have line drawings or similar fine detail. You can choose from four possible Flicker Reduction settings. You should use as little Flicker Reduction as possible because the Vertical detail will be softened at the highest setting.

Flicker mode	Function
Off	Disables flicker reduction (sharpest mode).
Low	Suitable for most input sources.
Med.	Enough for most situations such as thin line drawings
High	Highest amount of flicker reduction. Will cause loss of vertical detail in some images.

Adjust windows		
Image smoothing	[Auto]	

Image smoothing reduces the jagged-edges sometimes seen within an output image by softening it. It typically improves the quality of a scaled image greatly. There are four possible settings for this adjustment: "Off", "Med.", "High", and "Auto". The "Auto" setting is generally thought to be most desirable and will vary the smoothing process according to the amount of zoom taking place.

Adjust windows	
Image flip	[Off]

Occasionally, it's necessary to cause the output image to be flipped Vertically, Horizontally or both – most commonly when a video projector is ceiling-mounted, or for special effects.

Adjust windows		
Show source label	[On]	

Units that support source labeling have this menu item available, which allows the label to be turned on or off on a window-by-window basis.

Adjust windows	
Audio bars	[4]

Certain units can display audio bar measurements and this menu item displays how many stereo-bars are shown. A maximum of 4 stereo bars (8 bars in total, with left-right pairs next to each other) can be shown. Audio channels are always numbered from left to right, balanced to display bars on both sides of the each. A setting of 0 disables the audio bars from being shown.

Adjust windows		
Max fade level %	[100]	

This Menu item fades the selected layer, and is only available on models with overlay abilities. Adjustment range is from solid to fully transparent.

Note: This menu item only appears on multi-channel scalers:

Adjust Windows

Layer priority abABZ [3]

This adjustment selects the order of the window layers. Layers are shown for 'a' and 'b' logo screens, Window 'A', Window 'B' and 'Z' is the Lock Source. The default condition is shown. The number shown is the current layer of the active window, when you adjust the layer number the layer stack indicator 'abABZ' will change to allow visualization of the layer stack. Note that layer 6 the Background Color is not shown as its layer position can not be altered – it will always be the background.

Extended scaling controls

The 'Aspect adjust' parameter is used to change the way that scaling of windows is controlled. By default it is set to 'Simple' which allows basic control of the window zoom and shrink sizes and positions – enough for simple tasks.

In 'Advanced' mode, it allows the horizontal (H) and vertical (V) components of the Zoom and Shrink functions to be adjusted independently, thus allowing custom aspect ratios to be created, or to convert from one aspect ratio to another.

In 'Pixel' mode, the user has direct access to pixel and line-accurate scaling functions. This lets the user specify the exact co-ordinates and size of the source image (within the video source), and the position and size of where this is placed in the output video signal.

The table below summarizes the different menu items in the different modes – the 'Simple' items have already been described earlier in this section, so only the 'Advanced' and 'Pixel' ones that are different (highlighted in bold) will be detailed here.

Simple	Advanced	Pixel
Zoom level % [100]	Zoom H/V [100]100 1.333:1	In [0],0 640,480
H/V zoom pan% [50] 50	H/V zoom pan% [50] 50	Out [0],0 640,480
H/V crop % [0] 0	H/V crop % [0] 0	
Shrink level % [50] Off	ShrnkH/V [50] 50 1.333:1	
H/V position % [50] 50	H/V position % [50] 50	

'Aspect adjust' = 'Advanced'

Adjust windows
H/V zoom % [100] [100]1.333:1

This item allows the independent setting of the horizontal and vertical zoom values. The third number (1.333 in the example) is the Aspect Ratio resulting from the adjustments, which is automatically calculated for you based on the incoming resolution and the H & V Zoom values.

Most resolutions are 4:3 ratio, thus the third number will be 1.333 (4 divided by 3). Another common aspect ratio is 16:9 (16 divided by 9 = 1.777). PAL and NTSC inputs are physically 4:3 on your video monitor, but their actual pixel/line ratios are different and so will not display as 1.333.

Adjust windows
Shrink H/V % [100] [100] 1.333

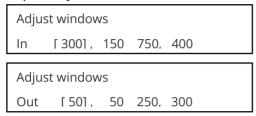
This item allows the setting of different Horizontal and Vertical 'shrink' sizes. The third number (1.333 in the example) is the Aspect Ratio resulting from the adjustments, which is automatically calculated for

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you based on the output resolution (the actual pixels & lines, not your physical screen size) and the H & V Shrink values.

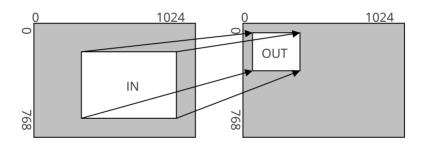
Most resolutions are 4:3 ratio, thus the third number will be 1.333 (4 divided by 3). Another common aspect ratio is 16:9 (16 divided by 9 = 1.777). Therefore, to convert your 4:3 output into a 16:9 output, reduce the vertical (V) Shrink value to 75% and this will simulate a 16:9 output. PAL and NTSC inputs are physically 4:3 on your video monitor, but their actual pixel/line ratios are different and so will not display as 1.333.

'Aspect adjust' = 'Pixel'



These menu items work together to specify the exact co-ordinates and size of the source image (within the video source) and the position and size of where this is placed in the output video signal – in other words the 'In' and 'Out' positions and sizes.

The diagram below should help to clarify the function of these values:



In the example above, 'In' has been set to 300,150 as its top-left source co-ordinate, with a size of 750,400. 'Out' has been set to 50,50 (i.e. close to the top left) with a size of 250,300.

The scaler will then ensure that the whole of the source (of size 750 by 400) is scaled to the required output (of size 250×300).

Items Associated with the Adjust keyers group

Please note that not all units have this sub-menu – it is only present on units with overlaying abilities.

Towards the end of this manual you will find a section titled 'COMMON OPERATIONS' – this gives a step-by-step guide to keying out a particular color.



This menu item turns keying On or Off for the current foreground. A keyed image is in essence one image superimposed over another – such that portions of the top image are made transparent (keyed out), so that the background image can show through. The following settings allow you to vary the colour(s) that are keyed out.

Adjust keyers	
Swap fore/backgrnd	[Off]

This menu item is only present on single-channel scalers – dual and quad-channel scalers have the layer priority set within the 'Adjust Windows' menu.

This menu item allows you to swap the foreground and background images when Lock mode is set to Lock & Mix. It will have no effect in any other mode (since no background is present).

Normally, your foreground is the input (window) source and your background is the lock source. This then allows you to superimpose any graphics or video input on top of the lock source by keying out a certain color or range of colors in the input source. Swapping them means that the input source moves to the background and the lock source is now in front of it. Thus you are now keying out the lock source colors to reveal the input source behind it.

Note that this is different to simply swapping over the input and lock sources as that would affect the final output resolution – see examples below:

Input	Lock	Swap	Foreground	Background	Output
source	source		(keyed)	(non-keyed)	resolution
XGA	NTSC	Off	XGA	NTSC	NTSC
XGA	NTSC	On	NTSC	XGA	NTSC
NTSC	XGA	Off	NTSC	XGA	XGA
NTSC	XGA	On	XGA	NTSC	XGA

(XGA is 1024x768)

You will see that the Swap between foreground and background has no effect on the output resolution as this is always set by the Lock source.

Adjust keyers	
Y Key min/max	[0] [32]

The Min/Max parameters are used to select what range of Y (luminance/grey-scale) values are made transparent within the selected window/lock source. In order to key out part of an image, start with the max value and increase it until the required lighter parts within the window/lock source disappear. Then adjust the min level to bring back any darker parts of the image.

Adjust keyers	
Y Key softness	[0]

The Y Key softness option removes noise from the keyed image, generally at the edges. Adjust as required to make the edges of the key as sharp or as soft as desired. The noise is where the analog to digital process (A/D conversion) may not sample a 50% brightness as being exactly 50% i.e. sometimes 49% and sometimes 51%. Increasing the softness value will broaden the range of keyed colors so that the keying of images varies depending on how close a color is to the keyed-out range.

Adjust keyers	
Y Key invert	[Off]

The Y Key invert changes the keying characteristics with respect to what colors of the foreground image you wish to 'key out'.

Setting it to Off will cause the colour range that's defined to be removed - remove the desired colors. Setting it to On will cause the colour range that's defined to be kept - key out all other colors.

The descriptions above behave identically on the remaining U Key Invert & V Key Invert component versions. However they are directed at the U/B-Y (blue) colour component and V/R-Y (red) colour components respectively. Adjustment and effects are the same as explained above for Y Key Invert (brightness/grey-scale).

Items Associated with the Adjust sources group

The 'Adjust Sources' menu group accesses the parameters associated with the processing amplifiers used for each input (RGB, CV, YC, etc.). They allow you to fine-tune an incoming signal to optimize its color, brightness or even sharpness.

Not all settings are available for all input types, and not all input types listed here may be available on your unit. Also note that many of these adjustments may not show without 'Advanced menus' set to On.

It is recommended that you Store your settings once you're happy with them in readiness for future use.

Source: RGB1
Source to adj [RGB1]

This menu item selects the input connection for which you want to make adjustments to. As in the image above, changes will only be made to the source connected to RGB1. Once the selection has been made, all changes made using the following operating parameters will only apply to the selected input.

Selection of a CV/YC source will reveal different menu items that allow adjustments beyond those used for RGB sources. The menu discussions that follow relate first to RGB sources, then to CV / YC type sources.

Menu items common to all inputs

Source: RGB1
Aspect correct [Fill]

This menu item will be used to correct the aspect ratio of the video source when converted into the final output resolution. The following table details what happens in the available modes:

Setting	Result
Fill (default)	The source is stretched to fill the output.
Aspect	The source's aspect ratio is maintained on the output.
H-fit	The source is stretched to fill the horizontal dimension of the output, with the vertical dimension stretched by the same amount (and possibly clipped).
V-fit	The source is stretched to fill the vertical dimension of the output, with the horizontal dimension stretched by the same amount (and possibly clipped).
1:1	Each source pixel is represented by a single output pixel – no scaling will be performed. If the input resolution is higher than the output, then only part of the source will be seen. If the input resolution is lower than the output, then a black border will be present.

Source: RGB1
TL pos. adj. [0] [0]

This menu item allows manual positioning of the Top and Left portion of the image. It is used to ensure that the input signal is captured correctly, eliminating any black borders. These settings are often used to correct the position of a PC signal on an input, or to eliminate any undesired noise at the top or bottom of a PAL or NTSC video source.

Source: RGB1
BR size adj. [0] [0]

This menu item allows manual positioning of the Bottom and Right portion of the image. These settings are often used to correct the position of a PC signal on an input, or to eliminate any undesired noise at the top or bottom of a PAL or NTSC video source.

Source: RGB1
Audio input source [1]

If your unit has an internal audio switcher / selector, this menu item selects the desired Audio input for use with the active video source, allowing an audio-follow-video function.

Source: RGB1

OPTION audio source [1]

If an external audio switcher is connected via the OPTION bus, then this menu item selects the desired Audio input for use with the active video source, allowing an audio-follow-video function.

In most situations, the Audio input values would be different for each video source – so that when the first video source is selected, so is the first audio source (this is called 'audio follow video'). The second video source then selects the second audio source, etc. However, there is nothing to prevent all Audio input values being set to the same value, for 'audio breakaway'.

Source: RGB1
Audio Vol [1] Bal [0]

This menu item adjusts the audio volume and balance for the selected audio channel. This is only functional for certain units when an optional Audio Switcher is attached.

Source: RGB1
On source loss [Blue]

(This has replaced 'De-glitch' used on previous firmware versions.)

This option is used to tell the unit what to do if the video source is lost or becomes unstable. Options are:

Option	Description
Show	Shows all picture break-up and instabilities.
Freeze	Freezes the latest frame – un-freezes as soon as the source becomes stable again.
Blue (default)	Turns the window blue, to represent source loss.
Black	Turns the window black.
Remove	Removes the window, thus showing any background (e.g. a Lock source). This is useful for MIX & PIP scenarios on units with overlay abilities.

If you have a very unstable input, such as a video tape player with a poor (jumping) output signal, you may wish to turn the setting to 'Show'.

Source : RGB1

De-int [M.comp med]

An interlaced input consists of two fields separated in time. Both fields are required in order to make up the full resolution input image, but since they are sent one after the other, a moving image will have "motion artifacts" if the two fields are simply combined together. The most common artifact is a blurring at the point of maximum movement within an image. Your unit provides some tools to minimize the effects of de-interlacing of an image.

The following options are available for this menu item:

Mode	Function
Normal/weave	The two interlaced fields are simply combined/weaved together. This will often show artifacts on moving images, but can be used when the input is known to be still.
Auto	Automatically selects Film 3:2 or Medium Range Motion Compensation (M. Comp Med.) depending on whether Film Mode is detected or not.
Film 3:2	Enables 3:2 pull down conversion of the incoming NTSC video. (This option should not be used if the source is not NTSC video).
M. Comp Low	Enables Pixel Adaptive Motion Compensation. Three levels are available
M. Comp Med.	with 'Low' providing the least compensation for Motion and 'High' providing the most compensation.
M. Comp High	p. e. a
Frame/bob	The two fields are shown consecutively.

Source : RGB1
Diagonal interp. [Off]

This menu item allows the user to specify whether the source has diagonal interpolation applied to it when de-interlacing occurs. This reduces 'jagged' artifacts on moving images, however is not suitable for noisy sources where the noise could be mis-interpreted as a diagonal or sloping element of the picture.

Source : RGB1

Noise reduction [Off]

This menu item allows the user to specify whether the source has noise reduction applied to it. This is performed by averaging the video signal over a number of fields – but ignoring areas where motion has occurred. If motion blurring is seen, it is recommended to turn this setting off.

DVI Source Menu Items

Source: [OVI1		
HDCP	[Inactive]	[Off]	

HDCP is supported on certain units only - and only on the DVI input connector. This menu item lets you change whether HDCP is active on this particular DVI input.

If turned 'Off', then a source that requires HDCP encryption will not send a video signal to your unit.

If turned 'On', and a HDCP-compliant display or device is attached to your unit's DVI output, then HDCP encrypted sources can be used.

The following table summarizes the message given in brackets:

Status message	Description	Effect
Inactive	HDCP is not active at the DVI connector.	HDCP-encrypted material cannot be received by the unit.
Active	HDCP is active at the DVI connector.	HDCP-encrypted material can be received by the unit, but only if a HDCP-compliant display or device is attached to the unit's output.

See 'Adjust outputs' for a description of how the HDCP system works on your scaler.

Source: DVI1	
Display emul. EDID	[DVI]

This feature is only present on certain units – it is used with the next menu item to form a simple 'EDID Manager'.

EDID is an information packet retrieved by a PC graphic card over a DVI link from a monitor which tells the graphic card which resolutions the display supports. In the case of your unit, it tells the graphic card what resolutions are compatible with it – by emulating a display.

The above menu lets the user select which of 8 EDID data blocks are 'shown' to a PC or other DVI/HDMI source. (It does not affect any other input.) Note that some graphic cards will usually only read the EDID data when the cable is first connected, or on power-up.

The 8 FDID blocks are as follows:

EDID	Usage
Mem1	
Mem2	
Mem3	User-definable – see 'EDID capture'
Mem4	
Mem5	
Mem6*	
HDMI*	Default HDMI EDID data for your unit
DVI	Default DVI EDID data for your unit
Mon	The attached monitor's EDID data

^{*}Your unit will have either Mem6 or HDMI, but not both.

If you change this value, you'll need to store your settings and then re-boot the CORIO2 unit at least once to ensure that the source sees that the EDID data has changed.

It should also be noted that some graphic cards will require your PC to be re-booted before they see that a change has occurred.

If your unit allows 'HDMI' to be selected, this can also enable certain audio features depending on the abilities of your unit.

Source: DVI1
EDID capture [1] Grab

This menu provides a simple way of capturing EDID data from an attached DVI or HDMI monitor and storing it in one of the user-definable EDID memory data blocks (Mem1 to Mem6) – see previous menu.

To capture a different display's EDID, perform the following:

- 1. Connect that display to the DVI output of the CORIO2 unit the CORIO2 unit will then read it automatically and store it in the 'Mon' EDID entry.
- 2. Select which EDID memory (Mem1 to Mem6) to copy this information to.
- 3. Select 'Grab' and click on it this will copy the current monitor's information to that EDID memory.
- 4. Change 'EDID to use' to that memory location (Mem1 to Mem6).
- 5. Store your unit's settings (see earlier in this manual on how to do this).
- 6. Re-boot (turn off and on again) the CORIO2 unit to ensure that the graphic card uses this new EDID data (you may need to re-boot your computer as well).

Using the above, up to 6 custom EDID settings can be stored in the CORIO2 unit, ready for recall later. This is useful to simulate another display being attached to a graphic card.

RGB Source Menu Items

Source: RGB1
Autoset status [Inactive]

Once the Autoset sense setting has been made, this menu item is accessed and activated. The Autoset sense utility will then correct the pixel phase and then position the Top Left portion of the image and the Bottom Right portion of the image. Once complete it then resume inactive status.

Source: RGB1
Input pixel phase [16]

Since an image pixel is a very small element of the total image, it's possible for your unit's Analog to Digital converters to wrongly sample the picture on the edge of each pixel thereby losing image resolution and creating image noise. The Input pixel phase adjustment allows you to change the position (from 0 to 31) where the pixels are sampled, relative to the horizontal sync signal.

To make this adjustment, select an RGB source and then provide an image from that source with fine detail, preferably with very sharp vertical lines. Adjust this value until you see the sharpest image. Alternately, adjust this value to give the worst (noisiest/softest) image, and then add or subtract 16 to get the optimum value.

Note that the AUTOSET function (for RGB inputs only) will attempt to automatically work out the best value for this setting.

Source: RGB1

RGB input type [RGBHV]

There are several types of signals that are called RGB signals as a generic term. Each has slightly different characteristics that set it apart from similar RGB signals – such as how the synchronization signal is sent. This menu item lets you set the input type to use.

Available options let you select whether the input is standard RGB or YUV (including YPbPr signals with a tri-level sync). For some units, it also allows selection of break-out BNC connectors to be used instead of the normal connector (signified by B- in front of the signal type).

Source: RGB1 RGB contr. [100] [100] [100]

This menu item lets you adjust the individual RGB or YUV/YPbPr signals, in case one component is at a different contrast to other, or if they all need to be boosted or lowered.

CV & YC Source Menu Items

Of the above Source Menu items, the Autoset sense and Autoset status functions, RGB type and Pixel phase are specific to RGB signals only. The rest of the Source menu items function with RGB, CV or YC type signals. In addition, there are four additional Menu items that are only used with CV or YC type signals and these are explained below:

Source: YC1
Bright [100] Contrast [100]

Adjust the Brightness and Contrast of the image to your requirement.

Source: YC1
Satur [100] Hue [0]

Saturation is the amount of color present in the image. Hue is the color "tint" parameter and the adjustment range is +90 degrees through to -90 degrees with 0 being the default.

Source: YC1
Sharpness [0]

Within limits, you can enhance or soften the appearance of detail within an image. The Sharpness values go both negative and positive, with 0 being the default. Note that over-enhancing an image has the side effect of making it appear to be noisy and under-enhancing an image gives the appearance of poor video quality.

Source: YC1
Luma delay [0]

On occasion, a video source will have the color portion of the signal offset from the luminance portion. If you've ever seen a poor quality comic book that has the outline of the cartoon character's head in one place on the page but the flesh tones for the head offset slightly, you are seeing the print equivalent of Luminance to Chrominance Phase Delay.

Fortunately, your unit provides a way for you to make the two signals occur at the same time on the selected image. The adjustment range provides both positive and negative levels of delay with 0 being the default.

Still Image Store / Testcard Source Menu Items

Source : TC1
Testcard [0]

This item is only available for units supporting Still Image Stores (SIS) or Testcards (TC) – which are the same thing, but may be named differently depending on your unit.

Used to select the image from memory to use as a source for the SIS / TC source currently selected. Dedicated software can be used to upload user-defined images – see our website.

Items associated with the Adjust resolutions group

The Adjust Resolutions Menu Group only appears when the Advanced Menus function is turned on within the System Menu Group. To turn it on, go to the System Menu Group and then proceed to the item that says "Advanced Menus". Turn the function 'On", exit the Systems menu and return to this menu structure.

The Resolution Database is used by your unit to identify any incoming video signal and is also used to create an output resolution. It is therefore a very important part of the unit's infrastructure.

Important Cautionary Information

DO NOT ADJUST THESE ITEMS UNLESS YOU'RE CERTAIN YOU KNOW WHAT YOU'RE DOING! THE ONLY METHOD TO UNDO CERTAIN CHANGES IS TO UPDATE THE FIRMWARE.

TRY USING THE AUTOSET, SHRINK, SHRINK POS, TL & BR ADJUSTMENTS FIRST.

Making adjustments here risks creating a non-standard resolution that is not displayable on a monitor. The resolutions and values within the database are industry standards and should not normally be

altered by the user. That said, there might be times when it is necessary to create a custom resolution with specific parameters. If circumstances require you to make such a change, please read the following specific notes:

- 1. Any changes made to this database take effect instantly and are also stored immediately in non-volatile memory.
- 2. Since this database is used for both input and output image processing, altering a resolution that is used for both (e.g. 1024x768 input and 1024x768 output) may give undesired effects.

Change the value to select resolution you want to alter.

800 x 600 60 Hz		
Image to adjust	[17]	
800 x 600 60 Hz		
Interlaced	[Off]	

Typically, the image number currently being used for input or output would be already be selected otherwise immediate feedback to your changes will not be available via your monitor.

This adjustment specifies whether the image is interlaced or progressive scan. It toggles simply On or Off, so there are no flashing brackets.

Course Frequency Adjust

The H freq.crse (Horizontal Sync Frequency - Course) adjustment provides the option for changing the Horizontal Sync timing Frequency in 100 Hz steps.

800 x 600 60 Hz	
H.freq.fine	[37.879] kHz
H.freq.crse	[37.879] kHz

Fine Frequency Adjust

The H.freq.fine (Horizontal Sync Frequency) adjustment provides the option for changing the Horizontal Sync timing Frequency in 1 Hz steps. Use this option to fine tune after using the course adjust.

Please note that the internal sync generator may be unable to generate the exact frequency you want.

This option changes the total number of image pixels on one line of monitor video including the

800 x 600 60 Hz		
Clks/l [1056] =	40.000MHz	

Horizontal sync pulse and blanking time. This is normally in a multiple of 8. It is very important to get this value correct, or many digital display devices, such as TFT monitors, will display an image with an odd moiré effect – such as soft vertical bands spread evenly across the image.

800 x 600 60 Hz		
Lines/f [628] =	60.317 Hz	

800 x 600 60 Hz

H/V active [800] x 600

This menu controls the total number of lines of video present in the image which includes the vertical Sync pulse, the blanking period and the active video. Changing this option affects the final vertical sync frequency.

A video frame includes both the active area, the portion of the image normally containing useful visual information, and a resolution value for a given display standard which only expresses the number of pixels visible in an image.

The well-known 800 x 600 computer resolution standard simply means that there are 800 pixels/line visible horizontally and there are 600 lines visible vertically.

This item provides a way to change the number of active pixels and lines.

There is a period of time between the end of the Horizontal Sync pulse and the start of Active Video. This

800 x 600 60 Hz

H/V Start [88] x 23

portion of the waveform signal is called the "Back Porch", a term originating with the television broadcasting industry and its RS-170A specification. In practice, this will control where the video image starts on the left side of the monitor without changing the width of the sync pulse itself (another way to control where the image area starts). The two parameters control where the back porch is positioned and they interact to a degree.

By adjusting these parameters, you control the start of the back porch (with respect to the trailing edge of Horizontal Sync) and also its width. The place where the Back Porch begins with respect to the Horizontal Sync pulse and the width of the Back Porch have a direct bearing on where the active (visible) portion of the image begins. Do not attempt this adjustment without monitoring the results with an oscilloscope.

800 x 600 60 Hz

H/V Sync [128] x 4

There are standards for all current computer and broadcast resolutions that specify the correct width of both Vertical and Horizontal synchronizing pulses.

If you are creating a special, non-standard resolution, you may wish to adjust the pulse width to fit your new requirements. The H/V Sync screen is where that is accomplished.

Like the H/V Start adjustment, you must use an oscilloscope when making these adjustments so that you know exactly how many milliseconds or microseconds of pulse width you have created. The numbers shown are relative numbers and not an actual time measurement.

Sync can be either negative polarity or positive polarity. To further complicate things, it is possible that you may want to make the Horizontal Sync polarity different from the Vertical Polarity. This control

800 x 600 60 Hz

Sync polarity [+H+V]

allows you to make that change.

You have four possible selections:

+H+V

-H+V

+H-V

-H-V

Items Associated with the System group

The final Sub Menu is for adjustments of System parameters. The "System" in this case means the unit's functions that are generally unrelated to individual inputs, outputs or any of the various production features

This screen is an informational screen. Should you require technical assistance with your unit, the

System
SW: 16, PT: 12, BT: 13

technical support personnel may request that you read the contents of this screen to them during the support call.

The first section, "SW", is the version of the software that is installed on your unit. You can update software via the User Support web site (procedure to be described later in this manual) and the updates are currently free of charge. "PT" refers to Product Type and "BT" means Board Type. Both of these are hardware designators and cannot be changed by the user however both designators are important to support personnel.

This is an information page showing when the currently installed software was released. The information is useful to the user as he or she compares the date to the website information describing

System
SW date: 2006-7-11

the current software release.

Normally, the user will examine the added features of each new software release and determine if an update is worth doing in their particular operation. The greater period of time between the current date, and the date shown for the currently installed software, the greater the likelihood that there are useful changes and improvements present in the new release.

System
TAC# 27-AA-1C-93-F8-33

The TAC number is a unique identifier for the unit and is for use with the PPF value below.

System
PPF# 1A-67-2B-9D-50-4F

The PPF number is for units that support the 'Pay Per Feature' system. Extra features in the unit (such as Mix and Key) may be activated using this menu tiem by entering in the correct numbers and re-starting the unit.

This screen provides a quick and easy way to store all current operating parameters. The unit will remember the set up you are currently using at the time of data storage and also when you next apply power. To store the current settings, press and release the control button.

In order for Autoset to work properly, it needs a sufficiently bright full-screen image to examine. The

System
Push to store

sense level lets you change the brightness threshold for detection of the screen edge between Low,

System
OSD on power up [On]

Medium, High and V.high. Medium is the default level, which is recommended for normal use (Windowstype images, etc.)

This parameter controls whether the 'welcome' screen is displayed or not on power up for units with an on-screen display – it can be disabled as required. This is useful when a unit is installed as part of an overall system.

System
LED brightness % [90]

This parameter is available on certain units and controls how bright the LEDs on the front panel appear.

This parameter is available on certain units and allows the LCD backlight to be turned on and off.

System

LCD backlight [On]

This parameter is available on certain units and allows the LCD contrast (viewing angle) to be altered.

System
LCD contrast [200]

This parameter is available on certain units and controls how bright the LEDs on the front panel appear.

This menu item controls the type of serial port in use on certain units (not all units support this feature).

System
Serial type [RS-232]

Options available are RS-232, RS-422 and RS-485. The default is RS-232.

System
RS232 baud rate [57600]

This menu item allows the adjustment of the serial baud rate used for RS-232 communications. The rate can be adjusted to 9600, 19200, 28800, 33600, 38800, 57600 and 115200. (This adjustment is provided for those instances where you wish to use the RS-232 control system for your own purposes.) The default baud rate is 57600.

The screen labeled 'Buzzer' is actually the control for turning the "Beep" "On" or "Off". Normally this is left in the "On" position to provide positive feedback that your data entries and parameter changes have been accepted.

System	
CC-300 A/B bus mode	[Off]
System	
Buzzer	[On]

This menu item changes the function of an attached CC-300 CORIOconsole unit. When set to 'On' any 'Take' will result in the A & B windows ('buses') being swapped at the end of the Take – so that another 'Take' will put them back to as they were before. (Note that not all units support the CC-300.)

System		
Resolutions	88	

This screen is an informational screen showing the total number of the defined resolutions in the resolution database. Future firmware releases may increase the total number of resolutions defined in the database.

System				
Logos / T-cards	1	/	4	

If your units supports Logos or Still Images / Testcards then this screen will display how many are present in the memory of the units.

Power Cycles refers to how many times the unit has been powered since it left the factory. This is an

System		
Power cycles	41	

informational screen. No action is taken regardless of the value shown here, however some users have an equipment cleaning or specification audit procedure and this information may be useful to those users.

System	
Firmware updates	11

Indicates the total number of times the firmware has been changed over the life of the unit. It is quite possible for this to be more than 1, as a unit undergoes numerous tests during production.

This is another informational display for usage audit purposes.

System		
Hours in Use	877	

System
Temp.C 30 33 43 45

Certain units have built-in temperature sensors, and if yours has such a feature then the above menu item will appear. If the ambient temperature of the internal components becomes excessively high or low, the unit will shut down to prevent harm. This display shows the current value of the ambient temperature at four locations within the case and can be an early predictor of a shutdown before the shutdown actually occurs.

Should you experience problems with your unit, Technical Support may request that you give details of these values.

System
Fan speed (rpm) 6000

Certain units have built-in fans to keep the unit cool. The fan speed is monitored and if it deviates from normal parameters too much, this will be taken as an indication of insufficient airflow over critical components and shutdown action will be taken.

Serial port

Connection

Your unit is fitted with a standard 'D9' plug or socket allowing it to be controlled from a computer or other type of terminal or console with a similar interface. Most computers fitted with an RS232 port, known as a 'COM' port, will have a 'D9' plug on them. To enable connection between the two devices you will require one of two cables as shown below:

D9 connector type	RS232 cable type required
on C2 unit	for linking to PC
Plug – common on earlier C2 units	'Null-modem' D9 socket to socket
Socket – common on recent C2 units	D9 plug to socket

Should your PC not have an RS232/COM port, it is possible to add an interface card into the PC to add this facility. Another option you could use is a USB to RS232 converter. Both methods will add a COM port to your PC, although you should be aware that these generally do not default to being 'COM1' which is the default most RS232 applications will use.

Some units are also RS-422/485 capable – see the Specifications section for more details.

The default baud rate is 57600 with 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no parity. This baud rate can be changed in the System menu to suit other programs if need be.

Communications protocol

The standard communications protocol for your unit is text-based and is detailed on our website. Also on our website, you can find the Windows Control Panel or CORIO®tool Suite for your unit.

The protocol is also bi-directional (unit and computer both send messages to each other), so that you can send changes to the unit, and it will also respond with any changes made via alternate methods

(front panel buttons, menu changes and infra-red control). This enables any attached computer to be aware of any changes made to the unit from an alternative source rather than itself.

What this means is that you can easily find out the exact command to send to the unit to tell it to perform a certain function. This can be seen by the data that is sent back to the computer when changing values on the unit. For instance, just by turning FREEZE on, by pressing the FREEZE button, will cause RS232 data to be sent to the computer that represents the command required to set FREEZE on. A second press, to turn FREEZE off, then sends the computer the command required to turn the FREEZE off.

Note: Any command you send to the unit will be replied to either with an error code or with the actual changed value. This may be different to the one you sent; for example, if trying to set a value too high or too low.

Serial / IP control specification

NOTE: Not all units support Serial and/or IP (Ethernet) communications – check to see if this feature is present on your unit.

This section outlines how to control a unit via a Serial or Ethernet link (if fitted to your unit), using ASCII-based commands. It details how to send and receive serial data to perform many of the functions that a user has access to on the unit.

Not all units will support the full range of adjustments listed – this will depend on the complexity of the unit you have.

Communication protocol basics

Packets of ASCII data containing hexadecimal numbers are exchanged between the unit and controller via a Serial or IP link (you cannot use both at the same time).

The Serial standard is 57600 baud, 8 bits, no parity and 1 stop bit, although this can be changed by the user (see 'System' menu).

No flow control is used - however all control packets start with an ASCII 'F', end with carriage-return (13 decimal, 0x0D hexadecimal) and all such packets sent to the unit will be acknowledged (thereby provided software handshaking). Note that a line-feed (LF) should not be sent.

It may take around 30ms (0.03 seconds) for an RS232 command to be actioned and acknowledged – this will vary between different models.

ASCII-hex data is used where a number is encoded into its hexadecimal equivalent with leading zeros – e.g. Where '00' is decimal value 0, '80' is decimal 128 and 'FF' is decimal 255. In other words, two characters are sent for each byte encoded.

Any gap of more than 1 second between the characters of a control command sent will cause a time-out - and previous characters sent will be lost.

Write packets (sending command functions to the unit) are always 20 characters long (including a carriage return at the end). The unit will respond with a full 20 character message indicating what has changed. This returned payload will reflect the actual value of the parameter changed. If the user requests a value out of bounds then the limit value is used, and the payload will then reflect the limited value used.

Read packets (sent to request information from the unit) are always 14 characters long (including a carriage return at the end), the response from the unit will be a 20 byte message with the Write flag (since it is 'writing' the value back to the host) and the ACK flag set.

The ACK flag will be returned as 0 if the command is invalid for some reason – for example a bad FUNCTION, WINDOW, OUTPUT or PAYLOAD value. An ACK=0 message will be otherwise identical to the one you sent, so you know exactly which message has the error.

Any changes made to the unit using the front panel controls will also cause the full 20 byte message to be sent indicating the change that has occurred, thus enabling a program to stay 'in-sync' with the unit. In some cases (such as the execution of a macro) multiple 20 bytes messages will be sent indicating all the parameters that have been changed.

Only one message should be sent to the unit, another message can't be sent until a specific response is received from the unit (the user should look for a message with the same WINDOW, OUTPUT and FUNCTION values as they sent). If no message is received back within 1 second, there is likely to be a hardware communication problem (or wrong baud rate, etc.).

If absolutely required, to simplify programming the user may send packets one after the other with around 100ms (100 milliseconds) between each one. However, this will not work for all packets (such as Zooming into Still Images / Testcards or changing Logos) since this will cause the unit's micro-controller to be busy, so the user must experiment and satisfy themselves that this is possible.

Packet format

Below is a representation of data bytes in a single packet for a 'Write' to the unit to set a value:

SOP	CMD	CHA	WINDOW	OUTPUT	FUNCTION	PAYLOAD x 3	CS	EOP
				/				
				FUNCTION				

Below is a representation of data bytes in a single packet for a 'Read' to the unit to get a value:

SOP	CMD	CHA	WINDOW	OUTPUT	FUNCTION	CS	EOP
				/ FUNCTION			

The table below details the function of each part of the packet:

Packet part	Function
SOP	This is always the ASCII letter 'F' to indicate the packet start.
(Start of packet)	
CMD	ASCII-hex byte to indicate the type of command being sent.
(Command)	Each bit in the byte has a different function. Currently only the following bits are defined:
	Bit 7 = Write (0) or Read (1) request. Messages from the unit are always Writes.
	Bit $6 = ACK$ bit. Should be set to 0 for messages to the unit. $ACK=1$ returned means message was okay. $ACK=0$ returned means an error was present in the message.
	Bit 5 = 0 Reserved for future use.
	Bit 4 = 0 Reserved for future use.
	Bit 3 = 0 Reserved for future use.
	Bit 2 = 1 This bit *must* be set.
	Bit 1 = 0 Reserved for future use.

Packet part	Function					
	Bit 0 = 0 Reserved for future use.					
СНА	This byte has multiple uses, and defaults to 0 unless used for:					
(Channel)						
	<u>CHA</u>					
SOURCE	When a channel number is used in the Adjust Sources section (see later).					
or	SOURCE					
	Byte to indicate the source channel to be altered (if appropriate).					
MACRO NUMBER	0x10 = RGB1, 0x11 = RGB2, 0x12 = RGB3, etc.					
	0x30 = CV1, 0x31 = CV2, 0x32 = CV3, etc.					
	0x40 = YC1, 0x41 = YC2, 0x42 = YC3, etc.					
	0x50 = SDI1, 0x51 = SDI2, etc.					
	0xD0 = OUT1, 0xD1 = OUT2, etc.					
	0xF0 = TC1, 0xF1 = TC2, etc.					
	<u>MACRO</u>					
	Or – for Macro related commands:					
	Bit 74 = 0 Reserved					
	Bit 30 = Macro number					
WINDOW / LOGO /	Bit 7 = 0 (Reserved).					
BORDER	Bit 60 = Represents the window to be adjusted (for multi-channel units only).					
	E.g. Window 'A' (the default for single-channel units) is sent as '41' since 0x41 is ASCII for 'A'. 0x61 is ASCII for 'a' (a Logo) and is sent as '61'.					
OUTPUT &	Bit 74 = Number representing the output to adjust $0 = \text{Output } 1$, $1 = \text{Output } 2$ (for multi-channel units).					
FUNCTION HIGH	Bit 32 = Reserved (set to 0).					
	Bit 10 = Bits 9 & 8 of the function code. (Remainder of bits [70] are in FUNC LOW.)					
	E.g. If the function code is 0x234, and we want to adjust Output 2, then this byte is 0x12					
FUNCTION LOW	ASCII-hex byte to indicate the lowest 8 bits of the actual function to set or receive (e.g. change Zoom value).					
	A later table details all the functions available.					
PAYLOAD	A series of ASCII-hex bytes carrying the data to send.					
x 3 bytes	Read requests have no payload - the payload is in the data sent back.					

Packet part	Function
	Write packets require a payload, and this is always in 'triple-bytes' - i.e. 3 bytes are required, MSB first.
	e.g. '000001' is 1 in decimal, '010000' is 65536 in decimal, and 'FFFFF0' is -16 in decimal.
CS	ASCII-hex byte that is the (check) sum of all previous bytes (excluding the SOP 'F' character).
	E.g. The command F0400410082000001C8 has the checksum of 04+00+41+00+82+00+00+01=C8, so the complete command to send is F0400410082000001C8.
	A short-cut for debugging allows the checksum to be replaced by 2 question marks, so in the previous example you could send F0400410082000001?? Instead. This is purely for test and debugging - you should normally use a checksum to ensure data validity.
EOP	This is a carriage return (no line-feed) - ASCII code 13 (decimal).

Function list

These are grouped together into their associated on-screen menus.

Your unit and this manual should be used to determine the actual function of each of the following, as only the menu text is listed here. Where an equivalent menu item does not exist on your unit, then that feature is not supported on.

Function codes are given in hexadecimal and adjustment range is in decimal (but always sent as hexadecimal!).

For dual-channel units the mode of operation also restricts what Window and Output can be used the following table shows the allowed combinations:

Mode	Allowed Window and Output combinations			
Switcher	Output 1 (0x00) and Window A (0x41) / Z (0x5A) / Logo a (0x61)			
Independent	Output 1 (0x00) and Window A (0x41) / Z (0x5A) / Logo a (0x61)			
	OR			
	Output 2 (0x01) and Window B (0x42) / Z (0x5A) / Logo b (0x62)			
Dual PIP	Any combination of Output and Window			

The following table is a list of all menu functions, their related function number and valid range of adjustment.

Note that not all items will be available on all units. If your unit does not show the menu text in the menus then that function is not supported.

Menu text	FUNC (Hex)	Range of adjustment (decimal)
Top level		

Menu text	CHA	FUNC	Range of adjustment (decimal)
		(Hex)	
Mode		109	0 = Switcher
(Dual-channel units only)			1 = Independent
			2 = Dual PIP
Preset number		225	1 to 10
Preset load		226	Set to 1 to load – automatically resets to 0.
Preset store		227	Set to 1 to store – automatically resets to 0.
Preset erase		228	Set to 1 to erase – automatically resets to 0.
Adjust outputs			
Output enable		170	0=Blanked, 1=Active
Lock source (connector)		149	0x10 to 0x1F = RGB1 to RGB16
			0x30 to 0x3F = CV1 to CV16
			0x40 to 0x4F = YC1 to YC16
			0x50 to 0x5F = SDI1 to SDI16
			0xD0 = OUT1, 0xD1 = OUT2
			0xF0 = TC1, 0xF1 = TC2
Lock method		10A	0 = Off
			1 = Genlock
			2 = Lock & Mix
			3 = DARSlock (some units only)
			4 = Frm.lock (some units only)
Lock H Shift		14A	-40964096
Lock V Shift		14B	-40964096
Output resolution		083	11000
Output image type		0E2	0 = RGBHV
			1 = RGBS
			2 = RGsB
			3 = YUV
			4 = tlYUV
			7 = tlRGB
Output image type digital		16C	0 = RGBHV
			3 = YUV
	1		

Menu text	СНА	FUNC	Range of adjustment (decimal)
		(Hex)	
HDCP required		233	01, Off, On (if display supports it)
HDCP status		234	0=Unavailable
			1=Supported
			2=Active
			3=Repeater supported
			4=Repeater active
			5=No display
			(Other values indicate various HDCP authentication states.)
Allow errors		2B4	0 = Off
			1 = On
Background Y		13B	16235
Background U		13C	16240
Background V		13D	16240
SDI optimization		197	01, Off, On
Output Standard		101	0 = NTSC/PAL
			1 = PAL-M/PAL-N
			2 = SECAM
Output CV/YC IRE		133	-7.512.5
Output CV/YC Hue (degrees)		139	-2222
Output SC/H Phase		085	-180180
Output Luma Bandwidth		134	0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High
Output Chroma Bandwidth		135	0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High
Output Chroma delay		137	-43
PAL WSS		130	0 = Off
			1 = 4:3 Full format
			2 = 14:9 Letterbox centre
			3 = 14:9 Letterbox top
			4 = 16:9 Letterbox centre
			5 = 16:9 Letterbox top
			6 = >16:9 Letterbox centre
			7 = 14:9 Full format
			8 = 16:9 Full format

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Menu text	CHA	FUNC	Range of adjustment (decimal)
		(Hex)	
Take		11E	0->1 = Perform a Preview -> Program transition
Audio amp. Volume		201	-16 to 15
AES/SDI Chan. 1 source		20B	0x00 to 0x07 = SDI1-1 to SD1-8
AES/SDI Chan. 2 source		20C	0x08 to 0x0F = SDI2-1 to SDI2=8
AES/SDI Chan. 3 source		20D	0x10 to 0x1F = AES1 to AES16
AES/SDI Chan. 4 source		20E	0x20 = AFV (audio follow video)
AES/SDI Chan. 5 source		20F	
AES/SDI Chan. 6 source		210	
AES/SDI Chan. 7 source		211	
AES/SDI Chan. 8 source		212	
Allow HDMI output		288	0=DVI only, 1=Use HDMI if supported
HDMI/SDI audio routing		268	0=Mute, 1=On, 2=WinA
HDMI/SDI 'On' source		269	0x10 onwards for DVI-U1, etc.
			0x50 = SDI1
			0x51 = SDI2
H.phone monitor	1	289	Headphone source
			0=AES1 output 7=AES8 output
H.phone volume		28A	0=+6dB 15=-40dB
Adjust windows			
Program source / Window		082	0x10 to 0x1F = RGB1 to RGB16
source (connector)			(Also includes DVI / YUV sources)
			0x30 to 0x3F = CV1 to CV16
			0x40 to 0x4F = YC1 to YC16
			0x50 to 0x5F = SDI1 to SDI16
			0xD0 = OUT1, 0xD1 = OUT2
			0xF0 = TC1, 0xF1 = TC2
Select Universal source		241	0xE0 to 0xEF select universal inputs 1 to 16
Source resolution		0F8	Read only – returns # of resolution
Window Enable		12B	01 = Off, On
Zoom level %		086	1001000
Zoom level H %		103	1001000 (only used in Advanced A/R mode)

Menu text	СНА	FUNC	Range of adjustment (decimal)
		(Hex)	
Zoom level V %		105	1001000 (only used in Advanced A/R mode)
Aspect ratio in		107	0.1:19.99:1 (read only)
H/V zoom pan % (H)		09F	0100
H/V zoom pan % (V)		0A0	0100
Image freeze		09C	01 = Off, On
H/V crop % (H)		223	0100
H/V crop % (V)		224	0100
H/V out shift (H)		0AD	-40964096
H/V out shift (V)		0AE	-40964096
Shrink level %		087	10100
Shrink level H %		104	10100 (only used in Advanced A/R mode)
Shrink level V %		106	10100 (only used in Advanced A/R mode)
Shrink enable		18E	01 = Off, On
H/V shr. pos.% (H)		0DA	0100
H/V shr. pos.% (V)		0DB	0100
In (top-left H)		21B	
In (top-left V)		21D	
In (H size)		21C	
In (V size)		21E	
Out (top-left H)		21F	
Out (top-left V)		221	
Out (H size)		220	
Out (V size)		222	
Aspect change		190	02 = Normal, Letterbox, Pillarbox
Aspect adjust		102	02 = Simple, Advanced, Pixel
Flicker reduction		092	03 = Off, Low, Med, High
Image smoothing		0A1	03 = Off, Med, High, Auto
Image flip		095	03 = Off, Horiz., Vertical, H & V
Temporal interpolation		229	01 = Off, On
Show source label		250	01 = Off, On
Audio bars		252	0=Off, 1 to 4 audio bars shown.
Max fade level		10F	0100 = Fade level %

Menu text	СНА	FUNC	Range of adjustment (decimal)
		(Hex)	
Fade out / in		193	-1 = Fade out
			0 = No action
			1 = Fade in
Layer priority		144	05 = Layer priority
			(Other layers are automatically moved.)
Headphone volume		0FD	-1615 (-16=Mute)
Audio vol. (volume)		206	-128127 (for digital audio processing)
Audio vol. (on/off)		207	01 = Off, On (for digital audio processing)
Adjust keyers (on certain mod	els only)		
Keyer enable		127	01 = Off, On
Y key min/max (min)		0AF	0255
Y key min/max (max)		0B2	0255
Y key Softness		121	0255
Y key Invert		122	01 = Off, On
U key min/max (min)		0B0	0255
U key min/max (max)		0B3	0255
U key Softness		123	0255
U key Invert		124	01 = Off, On
V key min/max (min)		0B1	0255
V key min/max (max)		0B4	0255
V key Softness		125	0255
V key Invert		126	01 = Off, On
Swap fore / background		144	01 = Off, On
		l	
Adjust keyers – edge blending	(on certair	n models o	nly)
Edge Blend		180	Bit 0 = Left edge active
			Bit 1 = Right edge active
			Bit 2 = Top edge active
			Bit 3 = Bottom edge active
E.blnd guides		18F	02 = Off, Auto, On
E.blnd size V		18C	0 limited by V height

Menu text	СНА	FUNC	Range of adjustment (decimal)
		(Hex)	
E.blnd gamma H		188	1150 1=0.01, 150=1.50
E.blnd gamma V		18D	1150 1=0.01, 150=1.50
E.blnd comp cent		198	099
E.blnd comp side		19D	099
E.blnd size Left		277	0 limited by H width
E.blnd size Right		278	0 limited by H width
E.blnd size Top		279	0 limited by V height
E.blnd size Bottom		27A	0 limited by V height
E.blnd gamma Left		27B	1150 1=0.01, 150=1.50
E.blnd gamma Right		27C	1150 1=0.01, 150=1.50
E.blnd gamma Top		27D	1150 1=0.01, 150=1.50
E.blnd gamma Bottom		27E	1150 1=0.01, 150=1.50
Logos (on certain models only	/)	12B	01 = Off, On
Logo enable			·
Logo number		143	09 Logo selection
H/V out shift (H)		0AD	0100 %
H/V out shift (V)		0AE	0100 %
Max fade level		10F	0100%
Layer priority		144	05
Borders (on certain models o	nly)		
Border enable		150	01 = Off, On
Border H size		152	099
Border V size		151	099
Border H offset		153	099
Border V offset		154	099
Border Opacity		158	0 (fully transparent)100 (solid)
Border Y		155	16235
Border U		156	16240
Border V		157	16240
	1	1	

Menu text	CHA	FUNC	Range of adju	ıstment (decimal)						
		(Hex)								
Adjust sources	1									
Source to adjust.	СНА	116	0x10 to 0x1F = RGB1 to RGB16							
This only changes what's			0x30 to 0x3F	= CV1 to CV16						
shown in the menu – use the CHA values below to change			0x40 to 0x4F	= YC1 to YC16						
settings of a source.			0x50 to 0x5F	= SDI1 to SDI16						
			0xD0 = OUT1,	, 0xD1 = OUT2						
			0xF0 = TC1, 0	xF1 = TC2						
Still Image / Testcard	F0F1	0DC	010							
Autoset	101F	OFE	1= Start Autos							
Aspect correct	105F	240	0=Fill (default)							
			1=Aspect, 2=H	H-fit, 3=V-fit, 4=1:1						
UMD display address	105F	263	0 to 126, as p	er TSL 3.1 protocol						
Label font	105F	246	015 to select different fonts							
Label background color	105F	247	0=Black	8=Transparent						
Label foreground color	105F	248	1=Blue	9=Grey						
			2=Green	10=Opaque Black						
			3=Cyan	11=Opaque White						
			4=Red	12=Flashing Blue						
			5=Magenta	13=Flashing Green						
			6=Yellow	14=Flashing Red						
			7=White	15=Flashing White						
Label H. Size	105F	249	08							
Label V. Size	105F	24A	08							
Label H. Position	105F	24D	03 (Off / Left	: / Center / Right)						
Label V. Position	105F	24E	03 (Off / Top	/ Middle / Bottom)						
Label char. to adj.	105F	24B	023							
Label char. value	105F	24C	32127							
EDID to use	101F	243	07 to specify	EDID entries 1Mon						
EDID capture entry#	101F	244	07 to specify	EDID entries 1Mon						
EDID capture Grab	101F	245	Set to 1 to Grab. Auto-resets to 0.							
HDCP advertise (DVI)	101F	237	0=Off, 1=On							
HDCP status (DVI)	101F	238	0=Inactive, 1=	Active						

Menu text	СНА	FUNC	Range of adjustment (decimal)
		(Hex)	
TL pos. adj. (left)	10FF	0B6	-100100
TL pos. adj. (top)	10FF	0B7	-100100
BR size adj. (right)	105F	0DE	-100100
BR size adj. (bottom)	105F	0DF	-100100
Audio input source (internal)	10FF	242	04
			Selects inputs 1 to 4 + Mute.
OPTION audio input	10FF	0D0	09 = Channels 1 10 on A2-2000
Audio vol	10FF	0CF	-1615 (-16=Mute)
Bal	10FF	0D1	-1515
On source loss	105F	0A3	0=Show, 1=Freeze, 2=Blue, 3=Black, 4=Remove
(was Deglitch)			
Source stable (read only)		22A	0=Unstable, 1=Stable
Input pixel phase	105F	091	031
RGB input type	101F	0C1	8 = Auto
			6 = D-RGB
			11 = D-YUV
			10 = A-RGB
			12 = A-YUV
			For universal HD15 inputs:
			5 = CV/YC
			For units with DVI-U inputs:
			13 = CV (or A-CV)
			14 = YC (or A-YC)
			For units with DVI-U 5x BNC breakouts:
			15 = B-RGB
			16 = B-YUV
			17 = B-CV
			18 = B-YC
RGB contr. (red)	101F	0C5	75150

Menu text	CHA	FUNC	Range of adjustment (decimal)
		(Hex)	
RGB contr. (green)	101F	0C6	75150
RGB contr. (blue)	101F	0C7	75150
YUV setup level	101F	23E	0=0 IRE, 1=7.5 IRE
De-int.	10FF	0B8	06 = Normal, Auto, Film 3:2, M.comp.low, M.comp.med., M.comp.high, Frame/bob
(Film mode detected)	10FF	0E3	01 = Not detected, Detected
Diagonal interpolation	10FF	22B	01 = Off, On
Noise reduction	104F	23F	01 = Off, On
Bright	304F	0BB	0180
Contrast	304F	0BC	0180
Saturation	304F	0B9	0180
Hue	304F	0BA	-180180
Sharpness	304F	080	-7+7
Luma delay	304F	0BD	-43
Video standard	304F	08A	0 = PAL BGDHI / NTSC M
			1 = NTSC 4.43 50 / PAL 60Hz
			2 = PAL N / NTSC 4.43 60Hz
			3 = NTSC N 3.58 / PAL M
			4 = NTSC-Japan 3.58
			5 = SECAM
			6 = B&W 50Hz / 60Hz
Field swap	10FF	0C9	01 = Off, On (swaps odd/even fields)
Field Offset	10FF	196	07 = -4+3 (defaults to 4 = 0)
For units with digital audio pro	ocessing:		
Audio channel 1	10FF	213	0x00 to 0x07 = SDI1-1 to SD1-8
Audio channel 2	10FF	214	0x08 to 0x0F = SDI2-1 to SDI2=8
Audio channel 3	10FF	215	0x10 to 0x1F = AES1 to AES16
Audio channel 4	10FF	216	
Audio channel 5	10FF	217	
Audio channel 6	10FF	218	
Audio channel 7	10FF	219	
Audio channel 8	10FF	21A	

Menu text	CHA	FUNC	Range of adjustment (decimal)
		(Hex)	
Adjust audio (on certain	models only)		
Source to adj		203	0x00 to 0x07 = SDI1-1 to SD1-8
			0x08 to 0x0F = SDI2-1 to SDI2=8
			0x10 to 0x1F = AES1 to AES16
Volume trim		205	-128 to 127
Delay adjust		204	-100 to 5000
Adjust transitions (on ce	ertain models o	nly)	
Transition type		112	03 = Cut, Fade, Wipe, Push
Switching fade time		0F5	0 (off) to 50 (5.0 seconds)
Wipe type		145	0 = Left -> Right
			1 = Right -> Left
			2 = Up -> Down
			3 = Down -> Up
			4 = Diagonal
			5 = Diamond
Wipe Size		146	102000
Adjust sources audio Co	ontrol (C2-8000	Only)	
Audio delay		192	0200 = delay in ms
Audio Control (S2-106Al	D Only)		
Sample frequency		191	04 = Bypass, 32, 44.1, 48, 96kHz
Audio dolay			
Audio delay		192	0999 = delay in ms (restricted depending on Sample frequency)
Adjust tally (on certain r	models only)	192	
-	models only)	260	
Adjust tally (on certain r	models only)		Sample frequency)
Adjust tally (on certain r	models only)		Sample frequency) 0 = Disabled

MNL-1T-C2-SERIES-V3.00

(Hex)	Menu text	CHA	FUNC	Range of adjustment (decimal)
Adjust resolutions Note: You MUST set the 'Image to adjust' value to the correct value first, and only then change the other values - otherwise you may be adjusting the wrong entry. The user should not adjust the 'Image to adjust' entry using the front panel whilst also accessing it via RS232 Image to adjust 081 11000 Interlaced 0CA 01 = Off, On H.freq.crse 0BE 10000200000 H.freq.fine 0BF 10000200000 H.Y active (H) 096 642047 H.Y active (V) 097 642047 H.Y start (H) 08B 01023 H.Y start (V) 08C 01023 Clks/I 08D 644095 Lines/f 08E 642047 H.Y sync (H) 08F 81023 H.Y sync (V) 090 11023 Sync polarity 094 03 = ++, +-, -+, System SW (Software version) 0D2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high 0SD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only			(Hex)	
Note: You MUST set the 'Image to adjust' value to the correct value first, and only then change the other values - otherwise you may be adjusting the wrong entry. The user should not adjust the 'Image to adjust' entry using the front panel whilst also accessing it via RS232 Image to adjust 081 11000 Interlaced 0CA 01 = Off, On H.freq.crse 0BE 10000200000 H.freq.fine 0BF 10000200000 H/V active (H) 096 642047 H/V start (H) 08B 01023 H/V start (V) 08C 01023 H/V start (V) 08C 01023 Lines/f 08E 642047 H/V sync (H) 08F 81023 H/V sync (V) 090 11023 Sync polarity 094 03 = ++, +, -, -+, System System SW (Software version) 0D2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03	Tally preset to load		262	1 to 50
Note: You MUST set the 'Image to adjust' value to the correct value first, and only then change the other values - otherwise you may be adjusting the wrong entry. The user should not adjust the 'Image to adjust' entry using the front panel whilst also accessing it via RS232 Image to adjust 081 11000 Interlaced 0CA 01 = Off, On H.freq.crse 0BE 10000200000 H.freq.fine 0BF 10000200000 H/V active (H) 096 642047 H/V start (H) 08B 01023 H/V start (V) 08C 01023 H/V start (V) 08C 01023 Lines/f 08E 642047 H/V sync (H) 08F 81023 H/V sync (V) 090 11023 Sync polarity 094 03 = ++, +, -, -+, System System SW (Software version) 0D2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03		-1		
values - otherwise you may be adjusting the wrong entry. The user should not adjust the 'Image to adjust' entry using the front panel whilst also accessing it via RS232 Image to adjust 081 11000 Interlaced 0CA 01 = Off, On H.freq.crse 0BE 10000200000 H.freq.fine 0BF 10000200000 H/V active (H) 096 642047 H/V active (V) 097 642047 H/V start (H) 08B 01023 H/V start (V) 08C 01023 Clks/I 08D 644095 Lines/f 08E 642047 H/V sync (H) 08F 81023 H/V sync (V) 090 11023 Sync polarity 094 03 = ++, +-, -+, System Swy (Software version) 0D2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On	Adjust resolutions			
Image to adjust 081	values - otherwise you may b	e adjustin	g the wror	ng entry. The user should not adjust the 'Image to
H.freq.crse			T	
H.freq.fine	Interlaced		0CA	01 = Off, On
H/V active (H) 096 642047 H/V active (V) 097 642047 H/V start (H) 08B 01023 H/V start (V) 08C 01023 Clks/l 08D 644095 Lines/f 08E 642047 H/V sync (H) 08F 81023 H/V sync (V) 090 11023 Sync polarity 094 03 = ++,, -+, System SW (Software version) 0D2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	H.freq.crse		OBE	10000200000
H/V active (V) H/V start (H) 08B 01023 H/V start (V) 08C 01023 Clks/I 08D 644095 Lines/f 08E 642047 H/V sync (H) 08F 81023 H/V sync (V) 090 11023 Sync polarity 094 03 = ++, +-, -+, System SW (Software version) PT (Product type) BT (Board type) Advanced menus Altoset Sense 0FF 02 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up Read only 199 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0CB Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles	H.freq.fine		0BF	10000200000
H/V start (H) 08B 01023 H/V start (V) 08C 01023 Clks/I 08D 644095 Lines/f 08E 642047 H/V sync (H) 08F 81023 H/V sync (V) 090 11023 Sync polarity 094 03 = ++, +-, -+, System SW (Software version) 0D2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	H/V active (H)		096	642047
H/V start (V) 08C 01023 Clks/I 08D 644095 Lines/f 08E 642047 H/V sync (H) 08F 81023 H/V sync (V) 090 11023 Sync polarity 094 03 = ++, +-, -+, System SW (Software version) 0D2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	H/V active (V)		097	642047
Clks/I 08D 644095 Lines/f 08E 642047 H/V sync (H) 08F 81023 H/V sync (V) 090 11023 Sync polarity 094 03 = ++, +-, -+, System SW (Software version) 0D2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	H/V start (H)		08B	01023
Lines/f 08E 642047 H/V sync (H) 08F 81023 H/V sync (V) 090 11023 Sync polarity 094 03 = ++, +-, -+, System SW (Software version) 0D2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	H/V start (V)		08C	01023
H/V sync (H) 08F 81023 H/V sync (V) 090 11023 Sync polarity 094 03 = ++, +-, -+, System SW (Software version) 0D2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	Clks/l		08D	644095
H/V sync (V) 090 11023 Sync polarity 094 03 = ++, +-, -+, System SW (Software version) 0D2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	Lines/f		08E	642047
Sync polarity 094 03 = ++, +-, -+, System 0D2 Read only SW (Software version) 0D2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	H/V sync (H)		08F	81023
System OD2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	H/V sync (V)		090	11023
SW (Software version) OD2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	Sync polarity		094	03 = ++, +-, -+,
SW (Software version) OD2 Read only PT (Product type) 0C4 Read only BT (Board type) 0C2 Read only Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	System			
PT (Product type) BT (Board type) Advanced menus OC2 Read only 11D O1, Off, On Autoset Sense OFF O3 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up RGB1 termination 199 O2, Off, On, Auto Store OC8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer OCB O1 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable OC4 Read only Read only O2, Off, On OCB O1 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable OD6 Read only			0D2	Read only
Advanced menus 11D 01, Off, On Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only			0C4	
Autoset Sense 0FF 03 = Low, medium, high, v.high OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	BT (Board type)		0C2	Read only
OSD on Power up 189 01, Off, On RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	Advanced menus		11D	01, Off, On
RGB1 termination 199 02, Off, On, Auto Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	Autoset Sense		OFF	03 = Low, medium, high, v.high
Store 0C8 Set to 1 to store Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	OSD on Power up		189	01, Off, On
Buzzer 0CB 01 = Off, On CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	RGB1 termination		199	02, Off, On, Auto
CC-300 A/B bus enable 202 01 = Off, On Power cycles 0D6 Read only	Store		0C8	Set to 1 to store
Power cycles 0D6 Read only	Buzzer		0CB	01 = Off, On
	CC-300 A/B bus enable		202	01 = Off, On
Firmware updates 0DD Read only	Power cycles		0D6	Read only
	Firmware updates		0DD	Read only

Menu text	СНА	FUNC	Range of adjustment (decimal)
		(Hex)	
Hours in use		0D7	Read only
Resolutions		0D8	Read only
Number of Still Images / Testcards		0D9	Read only
Number of logos		14F	Read only
Board temp. (deg.C)		0CD	Read only
Air temp. (deg.C)		148	Read only
Regulators temp.(deg.C)		147	Read only
PLD temp. (deg.C)		111	Read only
Led brightness		12C	0100
LCD backlight		200	01 = Off, On
LCD contrast		270	0255
Serial type		251	0 = RS-232
(See Specs to see if your unit			1 = RS-422
supports all options)			2 = RS-485
RS232 Baud rate		0AB	06 = 9600, 19200, 28800, 33600, 38400, 57600, 115200
Fan speed (rpm)		0CE	Read only
Fan 1 status		271	0=OK
Fan 2 status		272	1=Fast
Fan 3 status		273	2=Slow
Fan 4 status		274	3=STOP
PSU 1 status		27F	0=Fault
PSU 2 status		280	1=NoPower
			2=OK
			3=Missing
TAC number 0		15D	Read only
TAC number 1		15E	Read only
TAC number 2		15F	Read only
TAC number 3		160	Read only
TAC number 4		161	Read only
TAC number 5		162	Read only
MAC number (IP port)		208	Read only – bytes reversed!

Menu text	CHA	FUNC (Hex)	Rang	e of adjustment (of adjustment (decimal)					
Not part of menu system		,								
	T	T								
System STANDBY		281	0 = 0	perating, 1 = In S	TAND	DBY mode				
Front panel lock		0FC	0 = u	nlocked, 1 = locke	ed					
Emulate button press		24F	See s	ection below.						
Options installed or		264		t number has a b ached, or an optic		h to indicate that a unit				
attached – read only			Bit		Bit	Unit				
			0	Audio switcher	12	S2-110CV				
			1	S2-106AD	13	S2-110YC				
			2	S2-105PC	14	S2-101AA				
			3	S2-105PCA	15	Ethernet				
			4	S2-109PC	16	Tally / UMD module				
			5	S2-105CV	17	-				
			6	S2-105CVA	18	-				
			7	S2-105YC	19	-				
			8	S2-105YCA	20	-				
			9	-	21	-				
			10	S2-108HD	-					
			11	S2-105DVIA	23 -					

Examples

Each example shows the packet sent to the unit and its response. When a byte is not required to be sent it is indicated by a '- 'in the table below (since a Read is 6 bytes shorter than a Write). Each character shown below is sent as a ASCII character so F0400 is sent as 'F' '0' '4' '0' '0'.

Packet sent Packet returned

SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP	SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP

Set output 1 window B Source to RGB2

F 04 00 42 00 82 000011 D9 CR F 44 00 42 00 82 000011	19 CR	000011		00	42	00	44	F	CR	D9	000011	82	00		00	04	F
---	-------	--------	--	----	----	----	----	---	----	----	--------	----	----	--	----	----	---

Set output 1 window A to Enable advanced aspect control Note checksum is ?? for debugging ?? CR 000001 8A CR Set 1A Shrink to 110 – invalid max for shrink is 100 00006E ?? CR 000064 70 CR Read 1C Zoom level - invalid as window C does not exist ?? CR F 000000 CD CR Read 1B Zoom level Zoom = 100 000064 70 ?? CR CR Set baud to 9600 Reply is at 9600 baud AΒ F0 CR AΒ 000000 30 CR Set 1A Zoom = 300 00012C F7 CR 00012C 37 CR Set 1A Shrink to 50 000032 3E CR FE CR Set 1A Shrink H Posn to 0 DA 1F CR F DA 000000 5F CR Set 1A Shrink V Posn to 100

Reading and writing macros

DB

84 CR

Depending on the unit connected there can be up to 7 macros stored in the unit. These macros can be programmed to perform a specific task, for example enable PIP mode, Position pip window at H=0, V=0, Zoom in to 120%.

DB

000064 C4

CR

The WIN and OUT bytes are not used for macro reading or writing and should be set to WIN=1A and OUT = 0

The CHA byte indicates the macro we are programming / reading / running. Macro 1 to 5 are CHA 0..4, CHA=5 is restore, CHA 6..7 are Macros 6..7.

Macro Restore (CHA=5) is read only, the units restore state is set by sending the Store command (0C8).

Menu text	СНА	FUNC	Range of adjustment (decimal)
		(Hex)	
Macro			
Run macro	07	F1	01 = Run, Erase macro
Number of items within macro	07	F4	Read Only
Function to adjust	07	F2	04095
Value	07	F3	Value for Function

Reading a previously stored Macro

In order to read a macro the following commands must be sent in this specific order – no other commands should be sent between these messages. The CHA in these cases relate not to the source but to the macro we are reading.

Packe	et sent							Packet returned									
SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP	SOP	CMD	СНА	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOF
	numb able to		tems	currer	ntly sto	ored i	n Pre	eset 2		Retui	rned p	oacket	indic	ates 4	items		
F	84	01	42	00	F4	-	ВВ	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F4	00002	FC	CR
macr		01	42	00	F3	-	ВА	1	Fayic	44	01	42	00	F3	6 = Zoon 000086	?80	CR
Read macr	the Da	ata for	the fi	rst ite	m in t	he pr	eset	/	Paylo	ad is 1	the da	nta for	the f	unctio	n – 100%)	
F	84	01	42	00	F2	-	В9	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F2	000064	5D	CR
Read the Function for the second item in the preset / macro								Paylo	ad is 1	the Fu	ınctio	n stor	ed – 8	7 = Shrin	k		
F	84	01	42	00	F3	-	ВА	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F3	000087	81	CR

Read the Data for the second item in the preset / Payload is the data for the function – 100% macro

F 84 01 42 00 F2 - B9 CR F 44 01 42 00 F2

The above example shows the read for all the items within macro 0. The first command reads the number of items available in the macro and resets the read address. Then the following items read the function and then the data for each of the items in the preset/macro. Following a read of the data for a macro internally the next item in the macro is selected for reading so it is not possible to read the same item twice without first re-reading the number of items in the macro.

Writing to a macro

In order to read a preset / macro the following commands must be sent in this specific order – no other commands should be sent between these messages.

Packet sent									Pack	et ret	urnec	ł					
SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP	SOP	CMD	СНА	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP
Clear	· macr	0															
F	04	02	42	00	F1	000001	3A	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F1	000001	7A	CR
				1		n macro 3											
F	04	02	42	00	F3	000086	C1	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F3	000011	01	CR
Write	data	for th	e first	t item	= 100)											
F	04	02	42	00	F2	000064	9E	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F2	000011	DE	CR
Write	the fu	unctic	n for	the se	econd	= shrink											
F	04	02	42	00	F3	000087	C2	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F2	000011	02	CR
Write	the d	ata fo	or the	secor	ıd iter	n = 100											
F	04	02	42	00	F2	000064	9E	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F3	000011	DE	CR

Run and Restore macros

Macros once programmed can be run by sending one of the following commands. By running macro 5 the unit can be restored to its previously saved state, when used in conjunction with the other macros this allows a default setup or baseline for the unit to be created.

Pack	et sen	nt							Packet returned									
SOP	CMD	СНА	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP	SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP	

	1	1	1	1	1	ı				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Res	tore																
F	04	05	42	00	F1	000000	3C	CR	F	44	05	42	00	F1	000000	7C	CR
		1	I	I	I				L	1	_L	1	1	1	ı	I	
Run	n macr	o 1															
F	04	00	42	00	F1	000000	37	CR	F	44	00	42	00	F1	000000	77	CR
<u></u>		1	ı	1	ı	<u> </u>				1	-1	ı		1	1	l	
Run	n macr	o 2															
F	04	01	42	00	F1	000000	38	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F1	000000	78	CR
				ı		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	1	-1	ı				l	
Run	n macr	о 3															
F	04	02	42	00	F1	000000	39	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F1	000000	79	CR
Run	n macr	o 7															
F	04	07	42	00	F1	000000	39	3E	F	44	02	42	00	F1	000000	7E	CR

Emulate a front panel button press

This is performed using function code 0x24F and the following payload codes (requires firmware version 287 onwards). Note that not all button presses are relevant to your unit.

Button press	Payload
Power down	0400E1
Power back on – see Reset command.	N/A
Reset menu settings to power-on values	0100E2
Reset menu settings to factory defaults	2300E2
Lock / unlock front panel buttons	0100E3
Set to NTSC output	0000E7
Set to PAL output	0000E8
Set to default output resolution for unit	0000E9
Set to 480p output	0000EA
Set to 720p 59.94Hz output	0000EB
Set to 720p 60Hz output	0000EC
Cycle presets (demo mode)	0100EE
Select DVI-I1 as source	000200

[- ,	
Select DVI-I2 as source	000201
Select DVI-I3 as source	000202
Select DVI-I4 as source	0002A2
Select CV1 as source	000203
Select CV2 as source	000204
Select CV3 as source	000205
Select YC1 as source	000206
Select YC2 as source	000207
Select YC3 as source	000208
Select SD1 as source	00022B
Select SD2 as source	00022C
Select SD3 as source	0002A4
Select SD4 as source	0002A5
Select TC1 / SIS1 as source	000209
Select TC2 / SIS2 as source	00020A
Select OUT1 as source	00020B
Select OUT2 as source	00020C
Toggle window A/B/Z	00020D
Toggle output 1/2	00020E
TAKE (activate transition)	00020F
FREEZE	000211
KEY	000212
MIX	00024D
INPUT	00024E
AUTOSET	00024F
FADE	000251
ZOOM	000252
PAN	000253
SIZE	000254
POS	000255
LOCK	000256
PIP	000257
MIX / PIP	00025A
ASPECT	00025D

PAN / POS	00026F
ZOOM	000270
LOCK / MIX	000269
Decrease Shrink value	000213
Increase Shrink value	000214
Decrease Zoom value	000215
Increase Zoom value	000216
Reset settings to power-on values	000217
Identify current window	000218
Run Macro 1	000219
Run Macro 2	00021A
Run Macro 3	00021B
Run Macro 4	00021C
Run Macro 5	00021D
Run Macro 6	000267
Run Macro 7	000268
Add to Macro 1	020119
Add to Macro 2	02011A
Add to Macro 3	02011B
Add to Macro 4	02011C
Add to Macro 5	02011D
Add to Macro 6	020167
Add to Macro 7	020168
Erase Macro 1	280119
Erase Macro 2	28011A
Erase Macro 3	28011B
Erase Macro 4	28011C
Erase Macro 5	28011D
Erase Macro 6	280167
Erase Macro 7	280168
Decrease Horizontal Pan value	00021E
Increase Horizontal Pan value	00021F
Decrease Vertical Pan value	000220
Increase Vertical Pan value	000221

Select window B 000224 Select window C 0002A0 Select window D 0002A1 Select window Z 000225 Select Output 1 000226 Select Output 2 000227 SELECT (menu adjust) 000128 Left rotary (menu adjust rotary control) 000128 Left rotary (menu adjust rotary control) 000129 Right rotary (menu adjust otary control) 000124 Left (menu adjust) 000158 Right (menu adjust) 000159 Decrement / ZOOM (menu adjust) 00024B Increment / FREEZE (menu adjust) 00024C Decrement / PIP (menu adjust) 00029F Increment / KEY (menu adjust) 00029F Set transition to FADE 00026A Set transition to WIPE 00026B Set transition to WIPE 00026B Set transition to PUSH 00023C Select DVI3 as source for window A 00023C Select DVI3 as source for window A 00023A Select DVI5 as source for window A 0002A Select DVI6 as source for window A	Select window A	000223
Select window D 000241 Select window Z 000225 Select Output 1 000226 Select Output 2 000227 SELECT (menu adjust) 000128 Left rotary (menu adjust rotary control) 000129 Right rotary (menu adjust rotary control) 000124 Left (menu adjust) 000158 Right (menu adjust) 000159 Decrement / ZOOM (menu adjust) 00024B Increment / FREEZE (menu adjust) 00024C Decrement / PIP (menu adjust) 00029E Increment / KEY (menu adjust) 00029F Set transition to FADE 00026A Set transition to WIPE 00026B Set transition to PUSH 00026C Select DVI1 as source for window A 00023D Select DVI2 as source for window A 00023D Select DVI3 as source for window A 0002A Sel	Select window B	000224
Select window Z 000225 Select Output 1 000226 Select Output 2 000227 SELECT (menu adjust) 000128 Left rotary (menu adjust rotary control) 000129 Right rotary (menu adjust rotary control) 00012A Left (menu adjust) 000158 Right (menu adjust) 000159 Decrement / ZOOM (menu adjust) 00024B Increment / FREEZE (menu adjust) 00024C Decrement / PIP (menu adjust) 00029E Increment / KEY (menu adjust) 00029F Set transition to FADE 00026A Set transition to VIPE 00026B Set transition to PUSH 00026C Select DVI1 as source for window A 00023C Select DVI2 as source for window A 00023C Select DVI3 as source for window A 0002A Select DVI6 as source for window A 0002A Select DVI7 as source for window A 0002A Select DVI8 as source for window A 0002A Select DVI10 as source for window A 0002A Select DVI10 as source for window A 0002A	Select window C	0002A0
Select Output 1 000226 Select Output 2 000227 SELECT (menu adjust) 000128 Left rotary (menu adjust rotary control) 000129 Right rotary (menu adjust rotary control) 00012A Left (menu adjust) 000158 Right (menu adjust) 000159 Decrement / ZOOM (menu adjust) 00024B Increment / FREEZE (menu adjust) 00024C Decrement / PIP (menu adjust) 00029E Increment / KEY (menu adjust) 00029F Set transition to FADE 00026A Set transition to DUSH 00026B Set transition to PUSH 00026C Select DV11 as source for window A 00023C Select DV13 as source for window A 00023D Select DV14 as source for window A 00024A Select DV16 as source for window A 0002A9 Select DV17 as source for window A 0002AB Select DV19 as source for window A 0002AB Select DV10 as source for window A 0002AC Select DV11 as source for window A 0002AC Select DV110 as source for window A 00	Select window D	0002A1
Select Output 2 000227 SELECT (menu adjust) 000128 Left rotary (menu adjust rotary control) 000129 Right rotary (menu adjust rotary control) 00012A Left (menu adjust) 000158 Right (menu adjust) 000159 Decrement / ZOOM (menu adjust) 00024B Increment / FREEZE (menu adjust) 00029E Increment / PIP (menu adjust) 00029F Set transition to FADE 00026A Set transition to DUSH 00026B Set transition to DUSH 00026C Select DVI1 as source for window A 00023D Select DVI2 as source for window A 00023D Select DVI3 as source for window A 00023F Select DVI4 as source for window A 0002A7 Select DVI5 as source for window A 0002A8 Select DVI7 as source for window A 0002A9 Select DVI8 as source for window A 0002AB Select DVI10 as source for window A 0002AB Select DVI10 as source for window A 0002AC Select DVI11 as source for window A 0002AC Select DVI11 as source for w	Select window Z	000225
SELECT (menu adjust) Left rotary (menu adjust rotary control) Right rotary (menu adjust rotary control) Right rotary (menu adjust rotary control) Decrement / Good (menu adjust) Decrement / FREEZE (menu adjust) Decrement / PIP (menu adjust) Decrement / FREEZE (menu adjust) Decrement / FREEZE (menu adjust) Decrement / FREEZE (menu adjust) Decrement / KEY (menu adjust) Decrement / KEY (menu adjust) Decrement / KEY (menu adjust) Set transition to FADE Set transition to WIPE Dougea Set transition to WIPE Dougea Select DVI1 as source for window A Dougac Select DVI2 as source for window A Select DVI3 as source for window A Select DVI4 as source for window A Select DVI5 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A	Select Output 1	000226
Left rotary (menu adjust rotary control) Right rotary (menu adjust rotary control) Deft (menu adjust) Decrement / ZOOM (menu adjust) Decrement / FREEZE (menu adjust) Decrement / PIP (menu adjust) Decrement / KEY (menu adjust) Decrement / KEY (menu adjust) Decrement / KEY (menu adjust) Set transition to FADE Set transition to WIPE Decement / DUSH Select DVI1 as source for window A Select DVI2 as source for window A Select DVI5 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A	Select Output 2	000227
Right rotary (menu adjust rotary control) Left (menu adjust) Right (menu adjust) O00158 Right (menu adjust) Decrement / ZOOM (menu adjust) Increment / FREEZE (menu adjust) Decrement / PIP (menu adjust) O0024C Decrement / KEY (menu adjust) O0029E Increment / KEY (menu adjust) Set transition to FADE Set transition to WIPE Set transition to WIPE Select DVI1 as source for window A Select DVI2 as source for window A Select DVI3 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A	SELECT (menu adjust)	000128
Left (menu adjust) Right (menu adjust) Decrement / ZOOM (menu adjust) Decrement / FREEZE (menu adjust) Decrement / PIP (menu adjust) Decrement / REEZE (menu adjust) Set transition to FADE Set transition to FADE Set transition to WIPE Set transition to WIPE Select DVI1 as source for window A Select DVI2 as source for window A Select DVI3 as source for window A Select DVI4 as source for window A Select DVI5 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A	Left rotary (menu adjust rotary control)	000129
Right (menu adjust) Decrement / ZOOM (menu adjust) Increment / FREEZE (menu adjust) Decrement / PIP (menu adjust) Increment / KEY (menu adjust) Set transition to FADE Set transition to WIPE Set transition to PUSH Set transition to PUSH Select DVI1 as source for window A Select DVI2 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A Select DVI13 as source for window A Select DVI14 as source for window A Select DVI15 as source for window A Select DVI16 as source for window A Select DVI17 as source for window A Select DVI18 as source for window A Select DVI19 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A	Right rotary (menu adjust rotary control)	00012A
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Increment / FREEZE (menu adjust) Decrement / PIP (menu adjust) O0029E Increment / KEY (menu adjust) Set transition to FADE Set transition to WIPE O0026A Set transition to PUSH Select DVI1 as source for window A Select DVI2 as source for window A Select DVI3 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A Select DVI13 as source for window A Select DVI14 as source for window A Select DVI15 as source for window A Select DVI16 as source for window A Select DVI17 as source for window A Select DVI18 as source for window A Select DVI19 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI110 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A	Right (menu adjust)	000159
Decrement / PIP (menu adjust) Increment / KEY (menu adjust) Set transition to FADE O0026A Set transition to WIPE O0026B Set transition to PUSH Select DVI1 as source for window A Select DVI2 as source for window A Select DVI4 as source for window A Select DVI5 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A Select DVI22 as source for window A Select DVI32 as source for window A	Decrement / ZOOM (menu adjust)	00024B
Increment / KEY (menu adjust) Set transition to FADE O0026A Set transition to WIPE O0026B Set transition to PUSH O0026C Select DVI1 as source for window A Select DVI2 as source for window A Select DVI3 as source for window A O0023D Select DVI4 as source for window A O002AF Select DVI5 as source for window A O002AF Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A	Increment / FREEZE (menu adjust)	00024C
Set transition to FADE Set transition to WIPE O0026B Set transition to PUSH O0026C Select DVI1 as source for window A Select DVI2 as source for window A Select DVI3 as source for window A Select DVI4 as source for window A Select DVI5 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A	Decrement / PIP (menu adjust)	00029E
Set transition to WIPE Set transition to PUSH O0026C Select DVI1 as source for window A Select DVI2 as source for window A O0023D Select DVI3 as source for window A Select DVI4 as source for window A Select DVI5 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI11 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A	Increment / KEY (menu adjust)	00029F
Set transition to PUSH Select DVI1 as source for window A Select DVI2 as source for window A Select DVI3 as source for window A Select DVI4 as source for window A Select DVI5 as source for window A Select DVI6 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI7 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI8 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI9 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI10 as source for window A Select DVI110 as source for window A Select DVI110 as source for window A Select DVI111 as source for window A Select DVI12 as source for window A	Set transition to FADE	00026A
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Select CV2 as source for window A 000240	Select DVI12 as source for window A	0002AF
	Select CV1 as source for window A	00023F
Select CV3 as source for window A 000241	Select CV2 as source for window A	000240
	Select CV3 as source for window A	000241

Select YC1 as source for window A	000242
Select YC2 as source for window A	000243
Select YC3 as source for window A	000244
Select TC1 as source for window A	000245
Select TC2 as source for window A	000246
Select TC3 as source for window A	0002B9
Select OUT1 as source for window A	000247
Select OUT2 as source for window A	000248
Select SDI1 as source for window A	000249
Select SDI2 as source for window A	00024A
Select SDI3 as source for window A	000271
Select SDI4 as source for window A	000272
Select SDI5 as source for window A	000273
Select SDI6 as source for window A	000274
Select SDI7 as source for window A	000275
Select SDI8 as source for window A	000276
Select DVI1 as source for window B	00022D
Select DVI2 as source for window B	00022E
Select DVI3 as source for window B	00022F
Select DVI4 as source for window B	0002B0
Select DVI5 as source for window B	0002B1
Select DVI6 as source for window B	0002B2
Select DVI7 as source for window B	0002B3
Select DVI8 as source for window B	0002B4
Select DVI9 as source for window B	0002B5
Select DVI10 as source for window B	0002B6
Select DVI11 as source for window B	0002B7
Select DVI12 as source for window B	0002B8
Select CV1 as source for window B	000230
Select CV2 as source for window B	000231
Select CV3 as source for window B	000232
Select YC1 as source for window B	000233
Select YC2 as source for window B	000234
Select YC3 as source for window B	000235

Select TC1 as source for window B	000236
Select TC2 as source for window B	000237
Select TC3 as source for window B	0002BA
Select OUT1 as source for window B	000238
Select OUT2 as source for window B	000239
Select SDI1 as source for window B	00023A
Select SDI2 as source for window B	00023B
Select SDI3 as source for window B	000277
Select SDI4 as source for window B	000278
Select SDI5 as source for window B	000279
Select SDI6 as source for window B	00027A
Select SDI7 as source for window B	00027B
Select SDI8 as source for window B	00027C
Lock to CV1	00025B
Lock to YC1	00025C
Toggle CV1 / YC1 as source	00025E
Toggle CV2 / YC2 as source	00025F
Toggle DVI-D1 / SDI1 as source	000260
Toggle RGB1 / YUV1 as source	000261
Select DVI-D1 as source	000262
Select RGB1 as source	000263
Select RGB2 as source	00027D
Select YUV1 as source	000264
Logo 1A toggle on/off	000265
Logo 2B toggle on/off	000266
Window 1A toggle on/off	00026D
Window 2B toggle on/off	00026E
Go to Lock menu item	00027E
Output 1 toggle on/off	00027F
Output 2 toggle on/off	000280
Select UNI1 as source for window A	000281
Select UNI2 as source for window A	000282
Select UNI3 as source for window A	000283
Select UNI4 as source for window A	000284
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Select UNIS as source for window A 000285 Select UNIG as source for window A 000286 Select UNIT as source for window A 000287 Select UNIB as source for window A 000288 Select UNIT as source for window B 000289 Select UNIT as source for window B 000280 Select UNIA as source for window B 000280 Select UNIS as source for window B 000280 Select UNIS as source for window B 000281 Select UNIS as source for window B 000286 Select UNIF as source for window B 000286 Select UNIF as source for window B 000290 Load Preset 1 000291 Load Preset 2 000292 Load Preset 3 000293 Load Preset 4 000294 Load Preset 5 000295 Load Preset 6 000296 Load Preset 8 000297 Load Preset 9 000299 Load Preset 10 000299 Store Preset 2 020191 Store Preset 3 020193 Store Preset 5 020195		
Select UNI7 as source for window A 000287 Select UNI8 as source for window A 000288 Select UNI1 as source for window B 000289 Select UNI2 as source for window B 00028A Select UNI3 as source for window B 00028B Select UNI4 as source for window B 00028C Select UNI5 as source for window B 00028E Select UNI6 as source for window B 00028F Select UNI7 as source for window B 000290 Load Preset 1 000291 Load Preset 2 000291 Load Preset 3 000292 Load Preset 4 000293 Load Preset 5 000295 Load Preset 6 000296 Load Preset 7 000297 Load Preset 8 000298 Load Preset 9 000299 Load Preset 10 000299 Store Preset 1 020191 Store Preset 2 020192 Store Preset 3 020193 Store Preset 6 020194 Store Preset 7 020197 Store Preset 8 020198 <td>Select UNI5 as source for window A</td> <td>000285</td>	Select UNI5 as source for window A	000285
Select UNI8 as source for window A 000288 Select UNI1 as source for window B 000289 Select UNI2 as source for window B 00028A Select UNI3 as source for window B 00028C Select UNI4 as source for window B 00028D Select UNI5 as source for window B 00028E Select UNI6 as source for window B 00028F Select UNI7 as source for window B 000290 Load Preset 1 000291 Load Preset 2 000292 Load Preset 3 000293 Load Preset 4 000294 Load Preset 5 000295 Load Preset 6 000296 Load Preset 7 000297 Load Preset 8 000298 Load Preset 9 000299 Load Preset 10 00029A Store Preset 2 020192 Store Preset 4 020193 Store Preset 5 020193 Store Preset 6 020194 Store Preset 7 020195 Store Preset 8 020196 Store Preset 9 020199 <	Select UNI6 as source for window A	000286
Select UNI1 as source for window B 000289 Select UNI2 as source for window B 00028A Select UNI3 as source for window B 00028B Select UNI4 as source for window B 00028C Select UNI5 as source for window B 00028E Select UNI6 as source for window B 00028E Select UNI7 as source for window B 000290 Load Preset 1 000291 Load Preset 2 000292 Load Preset 3 000293 Load Preset 4 000294 Load Preset 5 000295 Load Preset 6 000296 Load Preset 7 000297 Load Preset 8 000298 Load Preset 9 000299 Load Preset 10 00029A Store Preset 2 020191 Store Preset 3 020192 Store Preset 4 020193 Store Preset 5 020195 Store Preset 6 020195 Store Preset 7 020195 Store Preset 8 020196 Store Preset 9 020197 Store Preset 9 <td>Select UNI7 as source for window A</td> <td>000287</td>	Select UNI7 as source for window A	000287
Select UNI2 as source for window B 00028A Select UNI3 as source for window B 00028C Select UNI4 as source for window B 00028D Select UNI5 as source for window B 00028E Select UNI6 as source for window B 00028F Select UNI7 as source for window B 000290 Load Preset 1 000291 Load Preset 2 000291 Load Preset 3 000292 Load Preset 4 000293 Load Preset 5 000295 Load Preset 6 000296 Load Preset 7 000297 Load Preset 8 000298 Load Preset 9 000299 Load Preset 10 00029A Store Preset 1 020191 Store Preset 2 020192 Store Preset 3 020193 Store Preset 4 020194 Store Preset 5 020195 Store Preset 6 020196 Store Preset 7 020197 Store Preset 8 020197 Store Preset 9 020199 Store Preset 10 0201	Select UNI8 as source for window A	000288
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Erase Preset 2 280192	Erase Preset 1	280191
	Erase Preset 2	280192

Erase Preset 3	280193
Erase Preset 4	280194
Erase Preset 5	280195
Erase Preset 6	280196
Erase Preset 7	280197
Erase Preset 8	280198
Erase Preset 9	280199
Erase Preset 10	28019A
Set output to BLACK	00029B
Set output to WHITE	00029C
Toggle edge blend lines on/off	00029D
Cycle scaler inputs	0002A3

I.e. insert the 6 digit code from above into the following text string:

F041041024F######??<CR>

E.g. to Load Preset 1, use the text string:

F041041024F000291??<CR>

Reset command

This is a special command to reset a unit (as if power had been removed and re-applied). Note that unlike the above commands, this is sent as binary (i.e. not as ASCII text).

0x53, 0x06, 0x04, 0x01, 0x55, 0xAA, 0x55, 0xB2

E.g. In Visual Basic, send the string:

Chr\$(&H53) + Chr\$(&H6) + Chr\$(&H4) + Chr\$(&H1) + Chr\$(&H55) + Chr\$(&HAA) + Chr\$(&H55) + Chr\$(&HB2)

Common operations

This section provides step by step instructions for some common operations.

Operation of the Keyer

Some units come equipped with a very powerful Luminance and Chrominance Keyer. The Keyer can take some time to master and below is a breakdown and series of simple steps to help you master the Keyer's operation

When adjusting the values, please bear in the mind the following:

The Y value is the Luminance value, so 0 is black and 255 is very bright (white).

The U value is the B-Y component. This is the difference between the Blue and the Luminance value. If part of an image is black, grey or white, then its value is 128 (being the mid-point).

The V value is the R-Y component. This is the difference between the Red and the Luminance value. If part of an image is black, grey or white, then its value is 128 (being the mid-point).

Preparation:

- 1. Enter the Adjust windows menu.
- 2. Select the Source (this will be the foreground).
- 3. Exit the Adjust windows menu.
- 4. Enter the Adjust keyers menu.
- 5. Ensure the Keyer is Off.
- 6. Set all Y, U and V min/max values to [0] [255].
- 7. Set all Y, U and V softness values to 0.
- 8. Set all Y, U and V invert values to Off.
- 9. Turn the Keyer On.

At this point your source image will have disappeared, since all colors have been keyed out.

Adjustment:

Knowing which color(s) you want to key out from the image, e.g. black to disappear, perform the following set of steps:

- 1. Increase the Y Key Min from 0 until just before the required color (Key Color) appears.
- 2. Decrease the Y Key Max from 255 until just before the required color (Key Color) appears.
- 3. Repeat steps 1 & 2 for the U and V min/max values as well.

Adjust any of the Softness values to improve the key. If your input signal is slightly noisy or if you want to soften the edges within the image, then this may require you to decrease the 'min' values and increase the 'max' values to broaden the range of colors keyed out.

At this point, only the key color should remain transparent.

Troubleshooting and technical support

If problems are experienced, please read through the symptom topics below in order to resolve the problem. After doing so, if you still need to, contact Technical Support at

http://www.tvone.com/support. Please have the following details of the problem handy:

Whether the problem happens only at specific times or has only just started occurring (and what other things have changed at the same time).

Firmware revision numbers - found in the first item of the System menu:

If the problem relates to a specific source or resolution:

There is no picture on the Output.

If no LEDs are on, then ensure that the AC power adaptor is connected properly and the power switch is on at the AC outlet.

If the Standby/ON LED on the unit is off but another blue LED is active then check that the monitor output from the computer is connected at both the computer and the unit. Check that the output connector you are using from the unit is also connected at the unit and the display equipment.

Check that the display video equipment is set to the correct line input and format/standard as appropriate.

Check that the device connected to the output is on and can support the resolution set in the Adjust output menu, ensuring that the Sync type e.g. RGBHV, is also set correctly.

The image is shifted and not fully viewable

There are several ways to correct this, depending on the actual problem, although it's generally best to perform a Factory reset.

Try an AUTOSET if the input is RGB or YUV/YCbCr. Next adjust the TL pos. adj. values in the Setup Program source menu until the incoming video signal is displayed correctly. You may also need to adjust the BR size adj. setting to ensure the incoming video signal is properly displayed.

The output resolutions no longer appear as expected.

Because any changes made in the Adjust resolutions menu are automatically stored, it may be that the resolution data has become altered or corrupted beyond the ability of a display to show it.

Either manually correct the resolution data, or restore the data to full factory conditions by doing a firmware update. The user should avoid altering the resolution parameter data unless absolutely necessary.

There is excessive flicker on the Output.

Try using a different Flicker reduction mode. Turning the contrast down and the brightness up on the output device can have a large effect on flicker. Or try adjusting the brightness and contrast of the source input by selecting the Input adjust menu.

The Output image is distorted.

This may occur where some of the areas of the image are very dark and others are very bright. The solution is to adjust the contrast and brightness settings on your Output device to rectify the problem.

Alternatively, if the Adjust resolutions menu has been used to the output resolution in question, a firmware update is recommended to perform a FULL factory reset.

Some colors appear to be incorrect on the CV/YC output

First try altering the color, contrast and brightness settings on your TV or video display. These are usually set up for a very different reason than viewing computer graphics and may need changing to suit. If you cannot achieve exactly what you desire then alter the inputs levels in Adjust sources until the correct colors are restored.

How can I reduce color smearing on CV connections?

Smearing usually occurs on Composite Video connections and is generally unavoidable - unless you can switch to using S-Video or RGB / YUV connections. It occurs because the brightness and color information is transmitted as one combined (composite) signal and the two parts have to be 'bandwidth-limited' to avoid them interfering with each other – which then reduces the quality.

I can no longer adjust the Output image resolution.

When the unit is in Lock mode, the output resolution is fixed to be the same as the Lock source input resolution. During this time the Output image menu item is not displayed.

The picture on the video display is black and white.

Ensure that all the cables are correctly connected. If you are using a PAL TV to display the output then the unit may be providing resolution set to NTSC mode, or vice versa.

The picture on the video display is green.

The Output type is probably incorrectly set to YUV mode, whereas you are connecting to an RGB monitor – see Adjust outputs menu.

The RGB input is selected but the image is rolling or pink.

Check the Adjust sources menu and confirm that the input type and sync method is set correctly. (Having YUV input selected, instead of RGBHV often causes this problem).

The video signal from my DVD player does not appear to work.

Some DVD players have a switch at the back that selects between 'Component' and 'S-Video' output, because most will not let you output both at the same time. Make sure it is in the right position for the output you want.

Image is flashing, snow is present, or source image does not appear.

You may be experiencing a HDCP compatibility problem.

If one of the sources you are using is HDCP encrypted, and your unit is not set to output HDCP, then your unit will not allow the source image to pass through the unit (it may flash on and off).

The solution (if your unit supports HDCP) is to ensure it is enabled in both 'Adjust outputs' and in the 'Adjust sources' menu for that source signal.

If you unit does not support HDCP, or your output device does not support HDCP (e.g. an analog monitor), then there is no way to display a HDCP encrypted source signal.

General troubleshooting checklist

If specific troubleshooting advice isn't helping, or your product has stopped working, go through the points below. If your product still doesn't work, you might need to return it for repair.

- 1. Make sure your product is set up correctly, as shown in this guide.
- 2. Check that your cables and equipment are all connected firmly.
- 3. Check that your product is connected to an electrical outlet that is switched on. Can you see LED lights on the front of your product?
- 4. Test your sources by connecting them directly to a display.
- 5. Test your display by connecting it directly to a source.
- 6. Test each cable.
- 7. Try restoring your product to factory default settings.

 Note: during factory reset your custom settings are deleted.
- 8. Try updating your firmware.

 Note: during a firmware update your custom settings are deleted.

Returning a product for repair

You can request to return your product to tvONE™ for repair. When you contact tvONE support, have the following information ready.

- Product type
- Serial number of the faulty unit (this is on the underside of the unit)
- Full details of the issue
- Invoice number (if available)

Contact tvONE support for your area.

- Customers in North, Central, and South America (NCSA), email tech.usa@tvone.com.
- Customers in Europe, the Middle East, and Africa (EMEA), email tech.europe@tvone.com.

• Customers in Asia, email tech.asia@tvone.com.

EMEA and Asia

Customers in EMEA and Asia receive an RMA Request form from tvONE support. Complete the form and return it to tvONE support for your area.

All customers

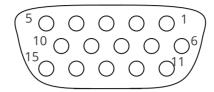
tvONE support decides if your product needs to return for repair, and, if needed, provide a return authorization number.

Send your product to tvONE by insured carrier or registered mail. Write your return authorization number on the outside of the packaging, and on any documents you send with your product. You must arrange and pay for shipping and insurance. Products in transit are your responsibility. tvONE does not accept responsibility for products lost in transit.

Do not return a product for warranty repair without a return authorization number. tvONE will not repair your product.

Connector pinouts

HD15 connector



- 1. Red / Pr / R-Y
- 2. Green / Y
- 3. Blue / Pb / B-Y
- 4. ID2 (input & output linked)
- 5. GND
- 6. GND
- 7. GND
- 8. GND
- 9. No connection
- 10. GND
- 11. GND on input, pulled high on output (used for auto-termination)
- 12. SDA (input & output linked)
- 13. H sync (or composite sync for RGBS)
- 14. V sync
- 15. SCL (input & output linked)

RS232 / D9 socket

- 16. N/C
- 17. TX (Transmit data)
- 18. RX (Receive data)
- 19. N/C
- 20. GND (Signal return)
- 21. N/C
- 22. CTS (Clear to send)
- 23. RTS (Request to send)
- 24. N/C

4 Pin mini-DIN S-video connector (YC) input

- 1. Y (Luminance)
- 2. GND
- 3. GND
- 4. C (Chrominance)

Specifications

See product front and rear diagrams for details of product I/O. Not all units in the series have all the inputs and outputs listed here.

Video Inputs

Input impedance: 75 Ohm

Television standards supported: NTSC and PAL

Composite video via BNC

S-Video (YC) via 4-Pin mini-DIN Connector

CV/YC video decoder: 8-bit Digital

De-Interlacing (NTSC / PAL up-conversion only): pixel-level motion adaptive

Comb filter decoding: adaptive

Film mode (NTSC) 3:2 pull down for up-conversion

CV/YC Video adjustments: contrast, brightness, saturation, hue (NTSC)

CV/YC sub-carrier lock range: +/- 200Hz for NTSC Operation, +/- 250Hz for PAL Operation

Computer Input

Analog RGB/YPbPr via HD15 into 75 Ohm, supporting RGBHV, RGBS, RGsB, YPbPr, auto-terminating into 75 Ohm

Digital sync (in RGBHV or RGBS mode): TTL Level, 10K termination, pos or negative

Analog sync (in RGsB, YPbPr, YUV modes): 0.3v negative.

RGB Level Range: 0.5-2.0 Vp-p approx.

Scan Rate Detection: automatic

PC Resolutions: any up to 2048x2048

HDTV Resolutions: any up to 1080p

Max horizontal scan rate: 150kHz

Video Outputs (not present on all units)

Output impedance 75 Ohm

Television standards supported: NTSC and PAL

Composite Video 1v p-p via BNC

S-Video (YC) 1v p-p via 4-pin mini-DIN CV/YC Video encoder: 8/10-bit Digital

Computer Outputs

Analog output impedance 75 Ohm

Analog RGBHV, RGBS, RGsB, YPbPr (0.7v RGB / 1.0v sync-tip to white, approx. 0.4v DC offset)

Connectors: HD-15 and/or 5 x BNC

PC Resolutions: any up to 2048x2048 (user adjustable)

HDTV Resolutions: any up to 1080p Vertical Refresh Rate: any to 250Hz

Locking/Mixing

CV/YC SC/H phase adjustments: +/- 180 degrees (for units with CV/YC output only)

Keyer: chromakey (YUV) or lumakey (Y)

Mixer: PC / Video, foreground/background swappable

PIP: variable window size & position - single-button enabling

(Not all locking/mixing combinations are available: you cannot overlay one CV or YC source over a different CV or YC source, or one RGB/YUV source over another RGB/YUV source – you are restricted to overlaying CV/YC over RGB/YUV, or RGB/YUV over CV/YC (the exception is where you can overlay one source over itself).

Scaling / sampling / memory

Size and position: automatic via AutoSet or Manual

Image size: user-definable presets
Image freeze: one video frame

Settings memory: non-Volatile

Zoom range: variable to 10x Zoom (1000%)

Shrink range: variable to 10%

Image mirroring: Horizontal and/or Vertical

Horizontal filtering: full digital

Conversion technology: proprietary

Color resolution: 24-bit (16.8 Million Colors)

Sampling rate: 108MHz maximum
Digital sampling: 24-bit, 4:4:4 format

Firmware memory: flash, upgradeable via RS-232

Regulatory Compliance

Main unit conforms to FCC, CE, RoHS

Environmental

Operating Temperature 0° to +45° C (+32° to +113° F)

Operating Humidity 10% to 85%, Non-condensing

Storage Temperature -10° to +70° C (+14° to +158° F)

Storage Humidity 10% to 85%, Non-condensing

Power Requirement

External power supply: 12V DC @1A maximum.

Actual current consumption varies between units.

Internal over-voltage & over-current protection.

Full PSU specification: 12v DC regulated 1Amp PSU with a 2.5mm locking center-pin positive DC power connector. A non-locking 2.5mm DC power connector will also fit.

Control Methods

The unit can be controlled locally via the front panel buttons and on-screen display (OSD), remotely via the RS-232 interface (as applicable) using a D9 female connector or again remotely via the Infrared remote using the infra-red remote unit.

Accessories Included

Varies depending on unit – see earlier in manual

Mechanical

Size (H x W x D): 1.2"x7.9"x3.5" (30x200x90mm)

Weight (Net): 1.3 lbs (580g)

Contact us

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Support EMEA: tech.europe@tvone.com

Support Asia: tech.asia@tvone.com

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